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# ENVIRONMENTAL **ASSESSMENT** BOARD



# ONTARIO HYDRO **DEMAND/SUPPLY PLAN HEARINGS**

VOLUME:

87

DATE: Tuesday, December 3, 1991

BEFORE:

HON. MR. JUSTICE E. SAUNDERS Chairman

DR. G. CONNELL

Member

MS. G. PATTERSON

Member



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### ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT BOARD ONTARIO HYDRO DEMAND/SUPPLY PLAN HEARING

IN THE MATTER OF the <u>Environmental Assessment Act</u>, R.S.O. 1980, c. 140, as amended, and Regulations thereunder;

AND IN THE MATTER OF an undertaking by Ontario Hydro consisting of a program in respect of activities associated with meeting future electricity requirements in Ontario.

Held on the 5th Floor, 2200 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario, on Tuesday, the 3rd day of December, 1991, commencing at 10:00 a.m.

### VOLUME 87

### BEFORE:

THE HON. MR. JUSTICE E. SAUNDERS

Chairman

DR. G. CONNELL

Member

MS. G. PATTERSON

Member

### STAFF:

MR. M. HARPUR

· Board Counsel

MR. R. NUNN

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MS. C. MARTIN

Administrative Coordinator

MS. G. MORRISON

Executive Coordinator

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# A P P E A R A N C E S (Cont'd)

D.	ROGERS		ONGA
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в.	BODNER		CONSUMERS GAS
K.	MONGER ROSENBERG GATES	)	CAC (ONTARIO)
W.	TRIVETT		RON HUNTER
М.	KLIPPENSTEIN		POLLUTION PROBE
J.	KLEER OLTHUIS CASTRILLI	)	NAN/TREATY #3/TEME-AUGAMA ANISHNABAI AND MOOSE RIVER/ JAMES BAY COALITION
т.	HILL .		TOWN OF NEWCASTLE
в.	OMATSU ALLISON REID	)	OMAA
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U.	SPOEL FRANKLIN CARR	)	CANADIAN VOICE OF WOMEN FOR PEACE
F.	MACKESY		ON HER OWN BEHALF
	HUNTER BADER	)	DOFASCO .
	TAYLOR HORNER	)	MOOSONEE DEVELOPMENT AREA BOARD AND CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

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NAMES OF TAXABLE PARTY AND PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.

# A P P E A R A N C E S (Cont'd)

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## DATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

T.A. HERENAND I MINISTER OF CAMADA

T.A. HYMANES I CAMADAM DANIES OF CAMADA

O. RIYCHELL SOCIETY OF CHILD PROFESSES

S. COMODES CONTROL PROFESSES

MANAGER AND LOCALISM. SCHOOLSE

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KENNETH SNELSON,

ERSKINE LEE FLOOK,

THOMAS EASTON WIGLE,

ALANNA MARY QUINN,

BRIAN JOHN McCORMICK,

REED CAMERON HARRIS; Resumed.

Cross-Examination by Mr. Castrilli (Cont'd) 15360

Cross-Examination by Mr. Thompson 15498



## LIST of EXHIBITS

No.	Description	Page No.
408	Document entitled "Strategy to Cope with Adverse Effects of Electricity Generation Projects in Northern Manitoba," dated 1984, by	15361
	Currie, Coopers and Lybrand, Leslie A. Johnson and W. Thomas Campbell.	
367.59	Interrogatory No. 6.2.4.	15368
367.60	Interrogatory No. 6.26.92.	15384
367.61	Interrogatory No. 6.26.94.	15384
367.62	Interrogatory No. 6.2.148.	15389
367.63	Interrogatory No. 6.26.130.	15389
367.64	Interrogatory No. 6.26.182.	15391
367.65	Interrogatory No. 6.26.279.	15396
367.66	Interrogatory No. 6.26.134.	15397
367.62A	Improved version of 367.62.	15406
367.67	Interrogatory No. 6.10.48.	15414
367.68	Interrogatory No. 6.26.21.	15420
367.69	Interrogatory No. 6.2.12.	15420
367.70	Interrogatory No. 6.2.135.	15421
367.71	Interrogatory No. 6.2.127.	15421
367.72	Interrogatory No. 6.11.16.	15421
367.73	Interrogatory No. 6.26.66A.	15421
367.74	Interrogatory No. 6.26.26.	15437
367.75	Interrogatory No. 6.26.365.	15437

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# LIST of EXHIBITS (Cont'd)

No.	Desci	iption	Page No.
367.76	Interrogatory No.	6.26.234.	15424
367.77	Interrogatory No.	6.26.12.	15444
367.78	Interrogatory No.	2.9.6.	15444
367.79	Interrogatory No.	6.2.23.	15449
367.80	Interrogatory No.	2.26.206.	15454
367.81	Interrogatory No.	6.26.219.	15470
367.82	Interrogatory No.	6.10.32.	15471
367.83	Interrogatory No.	6.26.241A.	15472
367.84	Interrogatory No.	6.26.350.	15473
367.85	Interrogatory No.	. 6.26.360A.	15474
367.86	Interrogatory No.	. 2.26.19.	15475



## LIST of UNDERTAKINGS

No.	Description	Page No.
366.6	Ontario Hydro undertakes to provide the Onakawana study.	15379
366.7	Ontario Hydro undertakes to provide a complete the list of interrogatories referring to monetary compensation as a result of damage arising from existin hydraulic facilities as it would affect Aboriginal people.	
366.8	Ontario Hydro undertakes to provide study (1) and study (2) as listed in Interrogatory No. 6.26.219.	15472



## TIME NOTATIONS

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		10:14	a.m.	 15365
		10:25	a.m.	 15373
		10:40	a.m.	 15381
		10:55	a.m.	 15390
		11:17	a.m.	 15401
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·		12:00	p.m.	 15413
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Ac	djourned	4:51	p.m.	 15510



T	upon commencing at 10:02 a.m.
2	THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order.
3	This hearing is now in session. Be seated, please.
4	MS. HARVIE: Mr. Chairman, I have given
5	eight copies of Interrogatory 6.26.265C, which is the
6	supplementary interrogatory promised to be delivered to
7	Mr. Castrilli this morning, and of course he also has
8	additional copies.
9	THE CHAIRMAN: And it is 367.55?
.0	MS. HARVIE: Yes, that's correct.
.1	THE CHAIRMAN: Now, Mr. Castrilli, your
.2	working off your Volume 2 basically. I just wondered
.3	if it would be possible to sort of go through the othe
.4	exhibits and transcripts you intend to refer to in
.5	advance so that we can get them sort of organized. It
.6	may save everybody, the panel and the witnesses, some
.7	time if that's problem.
.8	MR. CASTRILLI: I think I actually gave
.9	the witnesses and the Board a list both of transcripts
20	and exhibits yesterday, I believe you probably would
21	have that.
22	THE CHAIRMAN: I am not sure I have it.
23	I don't know whether we got copies of it or not.
24	MS. KLEER: Here are two.
25	MR. CASTRILLI: That was distributed

1	yesterday morning.
2	THE CHAIRMAN: Just perhaps to make sure
3	we have them all. That might save a little time. Some
4	of them, I guess, you have already referred to.
5	MR. CASTRILLI: Yes, that's correct, Mr.
6	Chairman.
7	DR. CONNELL: Are there any that are not
8	needed?
9	THE CHAIRMAN: You also have been
10	referring, for example, to Exhibit 4.
11	MR. CASTRILLI: Yes, Mr. Chairman. You
12	will note the list that I gave you has an asterisk at
13	the bottom. I haven't repeated all the exhibits, for
14	example, that were identified by Ms. Harvie at the
15	beginning of her Panel 6.
16	THE CHAIRMAN: All right.
17	JUNE BASU ROY,
18	KENNETH SNELSON, ERSKINE LEE FLOOK,
19	THOMAS EASTON WIGLE, ALANNA MARY QUINN,
20	BRIAN JOHN McCORMICK, REED CAMERON HARRIS; Resumed.
21	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CASTRILLI (Cont'd):
22	Q. Good morning, Panel.
23.	Ms. Quinn, could I continue with you and
24	ask you to refer to page 127 of binder No. 2. This is
25	excerpts from a document entitled "Strategy to Cope

1	with Adverse Effects of Electricity Generation Projects
2	in Northern Manitoba," dated 1984, by Currie, Coopers &
3	Lybrand, the authors are Leslie A. Johnson and W.
4	Thomas Campbell.
5	Mr. Chairman, could I ask that this be
6	made the next exhibit?
7	THE CHAIRMAN: No.?
8	THE REGISTRAR: 408.
9	EXHIBIT NO. 408: Document entitled "Strategy to Cope with Adverse Effects of Electricity
10	Generation Projects in Northern Manitoba," dated 1984, by Currie, Coopers
11	& Lybrand, Leslie A. Johnson and W. Thomas Campbell.
12	THOMAS Campbell.
13	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Ms. Quinn, were you
14	familiar with this document before you saw it in this
15	binder?
16	MS. QUINN: A. No, I wasn't.
17	Q. Could I ask you to refer to page 140
18	and we are looking at item No. 3 at the bottom of the
19	page, entitled "The Overall Social and Economic
20	Condition of the People." It states as follows:
21	The overall social and economic
22	condition of the people in the
23	communities affected by flooding is not
24	good. Many communities have been reduced
25	from a position of relative self-reliance

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to one of dependence. This is particularly true in the case of Illford, South Indian Lake and Easterville where prior to flooding the evidence indicates that there were strong and prosperous local communities based on natural resources. Just very quickly, Ms. Quinn, at page 

141, the last sentence before item No. 4 notes that these local Aboriginal communities affected by flooding now have a economies in virtual ruin.

One other reference, at page 135 of the

one other reference, at page 135 of the same exhibit, we are looking at the one of the findings of the consultants under the heading "Social Damages Are Overwhelming", it notes that social disintegration in the communities affected by the flooding is widespread.

Now, in the DSP, in a number of places and also in the environmental analysis, as I think we went over yesterday, we saw a number of references to the potential economic benefits, if you like, of hydroelectric development. Would you agree with me that the analysis that we find in this particular exhibit, Exhibit 408, suggests that there can be very serious economic detriment to communities as a result

1	of hydroelectric development?
2	A. I am aware this document speaks to
3	the negative impacts of flooding.
4	Q. Is it an analysis you have any
5	difficulty accepting?
6	A. The specific analysis associated with
7	flooding?
8	Q. Yes.
9	A. No. And in fact, as I read through
L 0	the document I found that the way they investigated the
11	study was to follow different approaches, but the most
L2	important one they said was to conduct interviews with
13	people in the area who were affected, and I think I
L4	concur completely whether that approach to determining
L5	the significance of effects, and would like to say
16	that, once again, that is what Ontario Hydro's approach
17	predominantly has been.
18	Q. I'm sorry, that's what Ontario
19	Hydro's?
20	A. Approach has been. Unfortunately we
21	have not been able to pursue that work, but that's the
22	kind of approach that we think is important to
23	determine significance of effects, is to work directly
24	with the people affected and the communities.

25

Q. I believe we asked you yesterday if

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you could confirm when consultation, for example, with 1 my clients began on the Mattagami extensions. I think 2 I suggested the date was November, 1989. In fact, I 3 believe it was January 1990; is that right? 4 5 No, before the new year, before 1990 we were in touch with a consulting firm based in 6 Timmins, an Aboriginal consulting firm, to see if they 7 8 could perform of the Aboriginal component of the 9 Mattagami environmental assessment, and during the latter part of 1989 they began to have discussions with 10 11 some of the First Nations and determined that they would not pursue the contract. But your point, I 12 13 believe, is when discussions started with Aboriginal 14 people affected by the Mattagami and they did start in 15 1989, in the latter part of the year. So November '89 was actually roughly 16 0. 17 the rate date? 18 A. Yes. 19 Q. And the Mattagami extensions had in 20 fact been under planning consideration by Ontario Hydro 21 since at least 1982; is that right? 22 MR. FLOOK: A. I guess since the 1950s 23 people thought about it off and on, hot and cold, do it 24 for one of summer or think about it at sometime. So

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some time a while back people had been doing some

25

thinking about it, even when the original stations were built.

Q. Well, I was going to give you the benefit of the doubt in 1982. If you want to say it's 1950, that is fine.

But in any event, we are talking about a minimum of some seven years after serious planning by Ontario Hydro began in relation to the Mattagami extensions that Hydro decided to contact or initiate contacts with Aboriginal people.

MR. McCORMICK: A. I think I explained in cross-examination the complications that arose because of the negotiations with Spruce Falls over water rights. When the EA process officially was initiated that's when the presubmission consultation began.

[10:14 a.m.]

There may have been work done, but as I indicated, we could not initiate those kind of activities, because sensitive negotiations were under way. If those negotiations were unsuccessful, then the project would not proceed.

Q. Just focusing again on Exhibit 408, Ms. Quinn, there is nothing positive in the analysis, we find in Exhibit 408 about the effect on Aboriginal

1	communities, the economic effect on Aboriginal
2	communities of hydraulic development.
3	I'm wondering how it is both the
4	environmental analysis and the Demand/Supply Plan
5	suggest there is something positive to expect arising
6	from hydraulic development vis-a-vis economic impact?
7	MS. HARVIE: Mr. Chairman, I draw your
8	attention these are excerpts from a report. Whether
9	or not other portions of the report dealt with impacts,
.0	it's impossible to tell.
.1	THE CHAIRMAN: At a quick glance, that's
.2	only that, appears there is very little positive in the
.3	report.
. 4	MS. QUINN: If I could also respond, on
.5	page 129, the first sentence of the executive summary
.6	says that:
.7	Our responsibility in this assignment
.8	has been to investigate the adverse
.9	affects of flooding in northern Manitoba
20	and to recommend ways and means of
	and to recommend ways and means or
21	providing compensation to the affected
22	
	providing compensation to the affected
22	providing compensation to the affected communities and individuals.

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1	It would have been beyond their terms of reference.
2	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Because the situation
3	was already so bad they had nothing to do except
4	examine how they could compensate at the eleventh hour.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: I think it is a bit of a
6	leap to take this particular situation in Manitoba and
7	say that this therefore affects all Aboriginal
8	communities, which your questions suggests. Perhaps
9	you could ask questions along those lines to the
10	witness.
11	MR. CASTRILLI: I'm content to do that,
12	Mr. Chairman.
13	Q. Ms. Quinn, what did Ontario Hydro
14	rely upon for the conclusions we find in the DSP and
15	the environmental analysis, that there is something
16	positive that will result, or result to Aboriginal
17	communities in terms of economic development, as
18	opposed to the kinds of negative economic effects we
19	see outlined in, for example, Exhibit 408?
20	MS. QUINN: A. If you could just give me
21	a second, I'm going to pull out the Little Jackfish
22	social impact assessment. I have a table specifically
23	to refer you to. It is 8-1.
24	For the record, this is the document that
25	is called the "Little Jackfish River Hydroelectric

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1	Project, Social Economic Assessment of the Generation
2	Facilities," report No. CSPH 88001, dated June 1988.
3	Table 8-1
4	THE CHAIRMAN: Is that an exhibit?
5	MS. HARVIE: I don't believe it is, no,
6	sir.
7	MR. SNELSON: June '88?
8	MS. QUINN: Yes, that's correct.
9	MR. SNELSON: I believe it was attached
10	to Interrogatory 6.2.4.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: And Interrogatory 6.2.4
12	has already been given a number in this panel, has it?
13	MS. HARVIE: No, I don't believe it has.
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Perhaps it could be then.
15	THE REGISTRAR: 367.59.
16	EXHIBIT NO. 367.59: Interrogatory No. 6.2.4.
17	MS. QUINN: Shall I proceed?
18	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I think the question
19	was what evidence did you rely on for your statement
20	there were positive affects, and one of them is this
21	report you just mentioned. I may be wrong, but I think
22	this area was canvassed yesterday quite thoroughly.
23	MR. CASTRILLI: I'm just wrapping up this
24	area, Mr. Chairman. This is remaining questions. I'm

almost ready to move to a new area, but I'm content to

25

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have whatever reference it is that Ms. Quinn says 1 supports her position. 2 3 O. So it is table? MS. QUINN: A. 8-1, basically page 71. 4 5 The first part of the table deals with 6 construction, and the second part on the back page of 7 the same sheet deals with operations. There is a second document, which I will 8 9 not refer you to, but it has to do with the definition 10 of public consultation activities. And the information 11 that's provided on this page has been through an 12 extensive public consultation program. 13 Now I think for those of you who don't 14 have this in front of you, the table sets out on the left-hand side, about ten or twelve different topics, 15 16 and it reviews each of those topics for the communities 17 Armstrong, Gull Bay, the rail line communities and Lake 18 Nipigon communities. 19 Now Armstrong is the home base, although 20 not specifically a reserve of a first nation, and Gull 21 Bay, the rail line communities and Lake Nipigon 22 communities are also aboriginal communities. 23 On the right-hand side of the table there is a series of columns that go from identifying 24 significant adverse to minor adverse to no affect to 25

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1	minor beneficial to significant beneficial. And what
2	you will see is that there are dots entered against the
3	specific topics in accordance with the consideration
4	that they were given by the people from the local area.
5	So, for example, the Gull Bay community
6	considered employment a significant beneficial, and
7 .	there is a dot entered in that column. Job training
8	was considered minor beneficial.
9	I think if you look at the rail line
10	communities, which are 100 per cent Aboriginal, they
11	included both employment and job training as minor
12	beneficial.
13	I don't know if you want me to proceed,
14	Mr. Castrilli, but I think that's the kind of
15	information that we would rely on, and it comes from
16	the communities affected.
17	Q. I note that this table is described
18	as predicted affects. This is about a future project,
19	is that right?
20	A. Yes, it is, that's correct. This is
21	about the way in which the community valued the
22	particular affects. It is the step in social impact
23	assessment that has to do with assessment and
24	evaluation.
25	Q. This is not retrospective, is that

1	correct?	
2		A. That's correct.
3		Q. This document has actually been
4	prepared in ex	pectation of a forthcoming hearing in the
5	future, is tha	t right?
6		A. Yes, it's an environmental assessment
7	submission.	
8		O. So it has not yet been tested in any
9	form, is that	correct?
10		A. I'm not sure what you mean by that,
11	any form.	
12		Q. Well, if this was prepared in
13	preparation fo	r the submission in relation to a future
14	matter. It ha	s not yet been examined in a public
15	forum, is that	correct?
16		A. I would have thought that meetings
17	and the establ	ishment of a liaison community with the
18	people in the	area was a public forum.
19		Q. It hasn't been dealt with in a
20	hearing to you	r knowledge, is that correct?
21		A. That is correct.
22		Q. There is no literature attached or
23	associated wit	h this, is that right, in relation
24	there was m	aybe you can just explain what if
25	anything besid	es what you've described supports the

- contents of this two page table.
- A. I'm not purporting to suggest it is
- 3 anything more than the evaluation of people from the
- 4 area about what they see as positive and negative
- 5 affects. I didn't understand your question to be
- 6 specific to literature review.
- 7 Q. It was. If you have anything to add
- 8 in relation to literature...
- 9 A. Yes. I refer you to the Big Chute
- 10 Environmental Assessment, specifically the social
- 11 impact assessment, and I will, without taking the time
- of the panel, suggest that you look at publication by
- 13 Murdock et al., dated 1986, and it is Murdock, S.H.
- 14 F.L. Leistritz, L-e-i-s-t-r-i-t-z, and R.R. Hamm,
- 15 H-a-m-m, 1986.
- 16 You can see this reference on page 128 of
- 17 the Big Chute draft social impact assessment, which was
- 18 distributed with an interrogatory, and I believe you
- 19 will find this in a listing that is approximately four
- 20 pages long of literature that has been reviewed to
- 21 support this particular social impact assessment.
- Q. All of the documents you refer to in
- 23 that four-page list are in relation to retrospective
- 24 analysis of hydroelectric impacts on Aboriginal
- 25 communities?

1	A. No, I didn't suggest that. But the
2	environmental assessment that I just referred to has
3	been accepted by the Ministry of the Environment. It
4	is hydroelectric, and it is now under construction.
5	[10:25 a.m.]
6	Q. All right. Now, this is a matter
7	that we are actually going to deal with in our
8	evidence. But I wanted to know whether you are
9	familiar with a 1990 Manitoba Hydro report which
LO	outlined that out of a total of \$660 million worth of
11	purchases made to the end of March 1990 in respect of
L2	the limestone hydroelectric project, that northern
13	Aboriginal businesses received 6/10ths of 1 per cent of
14	the purchases, or 6/10ths of 1 per cent of the
15	purchases went to northern Aboriginal businesses?
16	A. No, I am not aware of the report.
17	Q. If those figures that I have just
18	referred to are correct, Ms. Quinn, would you agree
19	with me that if that's the type of benefits, economic
20	benefits one could expect from hydroelectric activity
21	in northern communities, that such benefits would be
22	comparatively minimal?
23	A. I would probably think that. The
2.4	numbers sound loss. I have no idea whether or not the

businesses that received contracts were new businesses

25

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set up specifically for this purpose. I have no way to 1 evaluate the significance to the local people, but I do 2 think the numbers sound low. 3 Thank you. To be perfectly clear, 4 Ms. Quinn, we do not have an examination of social 5 6 economic impacts on Aboriginal people of the range of attainable potential that Ontario Hydro was seeking 7 approval for before this Board; is that correct? 8 9 A. No, that's correct. They are part of 10 the community of Ontario and reference is made to 11 Aboriginal people under I believe two, at least two of 12 the criteria used to evaluate the Demand/Supply Plan 13 contained in the environmental analysis. 14 Q. Can I ask you to refer, Mr. Harris, 15 to Exhibit 333. This is one of the documents that 16 Ontario Hydro had indicated it was relying upon for 17 this particular panel. We are looking at pages 21 and 18 22. 19 This is under the general heading of 20 Mercury Mitigation Options and I am interested in this 21 section as it relates to humans, not to fish. 22 In looking at the mitigation options that 23 are outlined at the bottom of page 21 and also on to the top of page 22, is it possible, Mr. Harris, or one 24

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possible result of the measures that are listed on

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1	those two pages would be that Aboriginal people would
2	be forced to cease eating fish in their traditional
3	areas or, indeed, simply cease eating the fish that
4	they would catch?
5	MR. HARRIS: A. I think that would have
6	to be look at on a case-by-case basis, but it is
7	possible that if fish restrictions were issued, that
8	yes, fish in certain water bodies or certain species
9	would no longer be consumed.
10	Whether that encompasses their complete
.1	traditional area I think is a question that would
.2	require some study. But there may be restrictions in
L3	particular locations and particular types of fish.
.4	Q. Has Ontario Hydro evaluated and
15	reported upon, in material that's before this Board,
16	the social consequences to native societies of not
L <b>7</b>	being able to fish and have not been able to take the
18	traditional meal of fish as a result of mercury
L <b>9</b>	contamination from hydroelectric development?
20	MS. QUINN: A. That's the kind of topic
21	that we would hope to have studied in the plan
22	assessment. As you know last February 6 there was a
23	meeting in Timmins where more than 100 people attended
24	including representatives of the Aboriginal communities

in the Moose River Basin, and the intention of the

meeting was to discuss co-planning of studies and to 1 identify topics of interest that people from the basin, 2 Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal may well be interested 3 Unfortunately, near the outset of the meeting a 4 motion was read on behalf of the Coalition to say that 5 6 they disagreed with our approach, which I who was there felt we had not yet defined; in fact, that was the task 7 of the whole room. 8 9 Had the topic been put forward for study 10 and had the group agreed to proceed with work, I think we would be into that study by now. 11 You haven't otherwise analyzed the 12 13 situation from the available literature; is that 14 correct? 15 Mr. Castrilli, one of the things that we hoped to do during the plan assessment was to hire 16 17 people who could go exactly that kind of work, 18 including Aboriginal people. We would want to know 19 that the literature was useful and pertinent. 20

I think in my direct evidence I spoke to the fact that data is lacking and sometimes it is even the problem of credibility of data. We would have wanted to have felt some confidence that any studies looked at would have been credible to the people involved in the study. So we did not study it and we

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felt that was in fact something of an honourable thing 1 2 to do, was to wait until the people affected by the study would be part of the study. 3 4 0. Is your testimony, Ms. Quinn, that this is not a matter that can be dealt with at the plan 5 6 level? Α. We are saying that it was to be dealt with at the plan assessment level. 8 9 Q. Why is that not something that could 10 be dealt with here? I am not quite understanding what 11 the invitation is. 12 A. We dealt with exclusion criteria to 13 arrive at attainable potential. We don't know the information about the basin. One would have to do 14 15 fairly specific studies to understand what the intake 16 is, and we are looking at this kind of topic in an agreement we have reached with the White Sands Band, 17 18 and this has been done at the project be environmental 19 assessment level. 20 So, it doesn't fit into exclusion 21 criteria, it doesn't fit into this particular stage in considering the hydroelectric option. 22 23 Q. Now, Ms. Quinn, this morning, at the outset, Ms. Harvie filed Exhibit 367.55. Actually, I 24

think we should look at this in conjunction with the

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1 other portion of 367.55 which is found at page 117 of the Volume 2 binder. 2 Do you have both pages? 3 4 A. Yes, I do. Q. Now, in your original answer found at 5 page 117, you note in item C that the literature 6 available for review to further guide the social 7 environment criteria for the DSP was not necessarily 8 9 about hydraulic generation but about social impacts in 10 general. 11 I take it that what we now have in the 12 addendum to 367.55 that was filed this morning, is a 13 list of both hydroelectrically related studies and 14 projects that are not hydraulic related. And perhaps 15 just for clarification, some of the reports are 16 obviously in relation to hydraulic and some are not 17 necessarily. 18 I am wondering if I could have an 19 undertaking to provide I think it's item No. 7 under A, 20 the Onakawana study. I don't think that's one we 21 previously had. 22 A. Yes, you can. 23 Q. Thank you. 24 THE CHAIRMAN: That will be No.? 25 THE REGISTRAR: 366.6.

1 ---UNDERTAKING NO. 366.6: Ontario Hydro undertakes to provide the Onakawana study. 2 3 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Ms. Quinn, just on 4 the issue that we broached a moment ago relating to an evaluation of social consequences of mercury and the 5 6 inability or the potential inability to eat fish as a 7 result. If a review of experience elsewhere, I will 8 just use three examples, Quebec, Manitoba, and northern 9 Ontario, suggested that mercury and the potential social disintegration associated with reduced fishing 10 11 or eliminated fishing opportunities and consumption 12 were among the major unmitigatable impacts of hydraulic 13 development, would Ontario Hydro evaluate that as a 14 possible exclusionary criterion? 15 MS. QUINN: A. You have our exclusionary 16 criterion. 17 Q. So what is the answer to my question? We have another criteria that I 18 Α. 19 believe you heard reference to and that is to do with 20 the fact that we will not proceed with planning in the 21 Moose River Basin until a co-planning agreement is 22 arrived at. 23 If there is a major interest on the part 24 of the Aboriginal people in the area to include in that 25 discussion something to do with mercury and the effects

1	on their diet, I would find it inappropriate for me to
2	conclude exactly what the outcome might be, but it
3	might have a prominent role in any further study.
4	But I don't understand mechanically how I
5	can respond to your suggestion that an exclusion
6	criteria be added. We have already submitted our
7	evidence on that point.
8	Q. You are not limited to the four
9	corners of your evidence, Ms. Quinn.
LO	I am asking you as a hypothetical, if a
11	review of experience elsewhere, I have named three
L 2	areas, we can add more if you like, suggested that
L3	mercury and the cultural disintegration associated
L 4	THE CHAIRMAN: I think you included
15	Ontario in that.
16	MR. CASTRILLI: I said Quebec, Manitoba
17	and northern Ontario.
18	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.
19	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Suggested that
20	mercury and the associated cultural disintegration as a
21	result of reduced fishing were among the major
22	unmitigatable impacts of hydraulic development,
23	wouldn't Hydro want to add that, or at least evaluate
24	that as a possible exclusionary criterion? I don't

Can you

think you need to refer to other sources.

1 answer that question?

2 [10:40 a.m.]

MS. QUINN: A. Actually, I find it quite confusing, and it's from a timing point of view. We wouldn't know the extent of the mercury problem, we wouldn't know the extent of flooding, we wouldn't know the extent of the uptake, not only by the mercury but into the human population, until further along in the studies, and I think that's the case with the other provinces that you've referred to as well. So I don't think it can be relied on as an exclusion criteria.

Q. I'm still not quite sure I understand your answer, Ms. Quinn. Whether or not there is any information that Ontario Hydro has collected with respect to Ontario, from my understanding, there is literature in both Manitoba and Quebec which already speaks to this issue. What has Ontario Hydro concluded about what that literature suggests?

A. That it is an important and a sensitive topic, and it has been referred to in the environmental analysis; that it would become something that we would want covered in the plan assessment work, and would be, I believe, the subject of a particular study that would be involving a variety of people, as well as the Aboriginal community; that we're sorry that

1	work did not proceed already at this time, but we
2	believe that it is not an exclusionary criteria that it
3	is a stand alone at this point in time.
4	We have no information that is specific
5	to Ontario that will help us make an assessment of the
6	particulars associated with mercury update and dietary
7	impacts, and literature relates to other provinces.
8	It's based on projects that have quite different
9	circumstances, and we would not find it reliable to
L 0	rely solely on the literature that speaks to other
11	provinces and other projects. It's not research that
12	has as much integrity as we would like. We find it
13	helpful as an indicator, and we have mentioned it in
L 4	the environmental assessment for that reason.
15	Q. Ms. Quinn, wasn't it on the basis of
16	experience elsewhere with respect to the issue of
17	flooding, that Ontario Hydro concluded that flooding
18	should become an exclusionary criterion?
19	A. Flooding is a major reason for the
20	exclusion criteria to do with the northern rivers.
21	That's specific to Ontario.
22	Q. Well, you haven't flooded the
23	northern rivers yet. Didn't you take account of the
24	experience in other jurisdictions and the results of

that experience in other jurisdictions, to conclude

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1	that flooding should be an exclusionary criterion?
2	A. We don't operate in isolation, but I
3	think the evidence that was provided by my panel
4	members spoke specifically to northern rivers, the
5	terrain associated with them, the lack of natural falls
6	and the gradient. And I believe that we made our
7	decision on flooding specific to do with those rivers
8	because of the conditions that exist in that particular
9	geographical area.
10	Q. So you took no account in
11	establishing that exclusionary criterion with respect
L2	to flooding of the experience in other jurisdictions
13	with respect to flooding, is that your testimony?
L4	A. Mr. Castrilli, the first part of what
1.5	I just said in my last answers was that we did not work
16	in isolation, but we did not rely on that other
17	material.
18	It's not as important as matters
19	pertaining to Ontario, because we are under the Ontario
20	Environmental Assessment Act, we are affecting people
21	in Ontario, and furthermore, we would like to have
22	specific studies that would tell us the degree of
23	significance.
24	At this point in time we're talking about
25	attainable potential. We don't know how much of it is

1 even going to be developed in the north. We should also MR. McCORMICK: A. 2 reinforce the fact that we indicated that flooding was 3 one of three criteria that influenced the exclusion of 4 5 the northern rivers, it was not the sole criterion. Q. Can I refer you to, Ms. Quinn, to 6 7 page 123 of the binder? 8 MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, this is 9 Interrogatory 6.26.92. THE CHAIRMAN: Which will be number? 10 That will be 367.60. 11 THE REGISTRAR: 12 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.60: Interrogatory No. 6.26.92. 13 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Ms. Quinn, in this 14 answer, Ontario Hydro recognizes that Aboriginal 15 communities may be dependent upon large expanses of traditional lands for their material, social, cultural 16 17 and spiritual pursuits. Actually we should also refer 18 to the next page as well, page 124. That's 19 Interrogatory 6.26.94. 20 THE REGISTRAR: That will be 367.61. 21 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.61: Interrogatory No. 6.26.94. 22 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. In Exhibit 367.61, 23 Ontario Hydro indicates that it agrees that individual 24 human beings are part of the environment to be affected

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by northern hydraulic development.

1	Now I take it that you don't disagree
2	with the proposition that changes to the physical
3	environment can induce social and cultural change, is
4	that correct?
5	MS. QUINN: A. I agree.
6	Q. I take it from the combination of the
7	two answers we see in Exhibit 367.60 and 367.61 that
8	you would agree that changes to the physical, social
9	and cultural environments can also induce changes to
.0	individual human beings, including potentially
.1	psychological change. Is that a proposition generally
.2	you can accept?
.3	A. Yes, it's certainly a hypothesis
.4	within the social impact assessment field.
.5	Q. We have no analysis in the DSP or the
.6	environmental analysis with respect to the range of
.7	potential, psychological impacts one might see as a
.8	result of northern hydraulic development, is that
19	correct?
20	A. If you can give me just a second, Mr.
21	Castrilli, I might be able to help you.
22	I would point you to page 3-5 within the
23	environmental analysis, which is Exhibit 4.
24	Q. I have it. Where are you directing

25

me?

What page is that again? MS. PATTERSON: 1 THE CHAIRMAN: 2 3-5. 3 MS. OUINN: The left-hand column. And I would just draw your attention to two particular 4 criteria, special and sensitive groups and lifestyle 5 That would be broad enough to embrace the 6 impacts. 7 kinds of effects you're referring to. In fact, even the third one, or excuse me, the last one at the bottom 8 9 of that page, "The Distribution of Risks and Benefits" 10 could take that into account. MR. CASTRILLI: Q. But you actually have 11 12 not performed the evaluation, is that correct? We 13 certainly don't see it in this document. 14 MS. QUINN: A. No, the document before 15 you is the evaluation associated with the Demand/Supply 16 Plan, that's right. 17 0. In the environmental analysis, could 18 I just refer you to table C-6? That would be pages 19 C-15 and C-16. Would you agree with me, Ms. Quinn, 20 that -- this is the section where you have a summary 21 table on hydraulic, hydraulic component, both in terms 22 of potential effects and potential mitigation. 23 Would you agree with me that this table 24 does not include cultural breakdown or destruction or

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individual psychological impacts arising from hydraulic

## development?

A. Mr. Castrilli, the individual effects that you're referring to could not have been addressed specifically within this document. That certainly would have been something done at another stage in the studies, project specific, I believe. And to that extent, we did make reference to initiatives for local participation in projects under the heading "Lifestyle."

I would like to draw your attention again to the efforts made in the past, and also the specific exclusion criteria associated with our proposal at this time that has to do with co-planning of studies and reaching some agreement.

I believe that if that is an important topic to the Aboriginal community, the First Nations in the Moose River Basin, that that will become a topic of study at a later stage, and we will, in fact, be able to proceed in study in a way that speaks to the individuals, that has some meaning to them.

Q. Ms. Quinn, if cultural breakdown and destruction and individual psychological impacts are possible from hydraulic development, what possible reason would you have for not including them on pages C-15 and C-16?

1	A. Well, Mr. Castrilli, I think the
2	heading itself "Lifestyle" in the middle column says,
3	"changes in northern lifestyles particularly for native
4	people" covers your point. In fact in an interrogatory
5	that you have received, we mentioned, it's 6.26.148,
6	and I don't believe it's an exhibit, but if I could
7	that we could have named that whole section lifestyle
8	and cultural impacts.
9	We feel there is no particular
10	distinction that we have drawn between lifestyle and
11	culture, and we acknowledge that changes can occur as a
12	result of hydroelectric development, and we refer
13	specifically to native people.
14	I think if you go back in the text,
15	you'll see that it also refers to northern communities.
16	Q. Well, Ms. Quinn, I'm asking you
17	whether table C-6 is complete. If it doesn't
18	explicitly refer to something that has been seen in the
19	literature as a result
20	THE CHAIRMAN: I think she's answered
21	that question, Mr. Castrilli. She said it's
22	encompassed under "Lifestyle," and I think that is the
23	answer you've got to accept. You may not agree with
24	it, you can argue when the time comes that that is

inadequate, but I think that's your answer.

1	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, since the
2	witness has referred to 6.26.148, that's actually to be
3	found at page 121 of the binder, and we might as well
4	make that an exhibit.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: That will be an
6	interrogatory number then, please?
7	THE REGISTRAR: 367.62, Mr. Chairman.
8	EXHIBIT NO. 367.62: Interrogatory No. 6.2.148.
9	MR. CASTRILLI: And actually the answer
10	in that exhibit refers to another interrogatory, which
11	is 6.26.130, which is found at page 122 of the binder.
12	THE CHAIRMAN: So perhaps that could be
13	No. 63.
14	<u>EXHIBIT NO. 367.63</u> : Interrogatory No. 6.26.130.
15	MS. QUINN: Mr. Castrilli, I believe that
16	there was a further response to 6.26.148 that your copy
17	does not refer to.
18	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. I'm sorry, I'm not
19	sure what you're referring to.
20	MS. QUINN: A. There is an answer
21	associated with Interrogatory 6.26.148, which is now
22	Exhibit 367.62 that is a little longer than the answer
23	that you have in the version you've put in your binder.
24	Q. Well, Ms. Quinn, I'm only familiar
0.5	

with one version to the answer. If there is another

		Harris (cr ex Castrilli)
1	version, I'd li	ke to have it or know what it is.
2	[10:55 a.m.]	
3	A	. Well, we can undertake to get that to
4	you.	
5	Q	. Before the end of my cross-
6	examination?	
7	A	. How about just after the break.
8	Q	. All right. Now, let's move ahead to
9	what appears to	be one of the more popular pages in my
10	cross-examinati	on, page 4-6 of the environmental
11	analysis. I'm	sorry, we are looking at the left-hand
12	column, at line	16, the sentence that begins "Northern
13	hydraulic devel	opments," do you have that.
14	I	t says:
15		Northern hydraulic developments may
16	h	ave additional regional development
17	е	ffects such as electrification of remote
18	C	ommunities and improved road access
19	w	hich are prerequisites for economic
20	d	evelopment.
21	J	ust stopping there and just focusing on
22	the issue of el	ectrification of remote communities. My
23	understanding,	Ms. Quinn, is that the DSP is only

directed to expanding the bulk electricity system, is

that your understanding as well?

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1	MR. SNELSON: A. Yes, that is correct.
2	Q. And that remote electrification of
3	Aboriginal communities would only occur through
4	expansion of the remote community energy supply which
5	is the RCES?
6	MR. McCORMICK: A. That isn't
7	necessarily the case. There may be examples such as at
8	Little Jackfish where the presence of the hydroelectric
9	station, its proximity to other communities may enable
10	them to be connected to the grid.
11	Q. The other part of that paragraph read
12	into the record deals with improved road access as a
13	prerequisite for economic development. In this regard
14	can I refer to you page 125 of the binder. It's
15	Interrogatory 6.26.18.
16	THE CHAIRMAN: 182, I think.
17	MR. CASTRILLI: I'm sorry, 6.26.182.
18	THE REGISTRAR: That will be 367.64.
19	<u>EXHIBIT NO. 367.64</u> : Interrogatory No. 6.26.182.
20	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. In this answer it's
21	indicated that Ontario Hydro has not studied the impact
22	on native people of the construction, operation or
23	maintenance of present and future access roads within
24	the Moose River Basin, and that such details will be
25	determined as part of site-specific environmental

Basu	Roy, Si	nels	on,Fl	ook,
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assessment work yet to be carried out. 1

Aboriginal communities?

range of views on that.

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- In general, Ms. Quinn, you would agree 2 that road access can have unwelcome impacts on remote 3
- MS. QUINN: A. In my direct evidence I 5 spoke exactly to the example of access roads and the 6 7 fact that it depends on the members of the community affected by the access road as to whether they consider 8 it negatively or positively, and we have acknowledged 9 that within a particular community there can be also a 10
- 12 Q. So that, for example, access roads 13 could bring greater competition for wildlife? Is that 14 one potential negative impact?
  - A. Yes, I said that specifically in my direct evidence, that there could be competition among resource users with the casual users and this is permitted by the increase in access roads or improvement of them.
  - Q. A further negative impact could be increased pressures arising from, for example, logging and mining activity as a result of the existence of the access road?
- 24 A. I don't know whether or not a mining 25 company or a logging company would find the existence

1	of some of the access roads significant in their
2	decision-making. I honestly don't know. I can't speak
3	on their behalf.
4	Q. Hydro didn't examine that issue in
5	its environmental analysis?
6	MR. McCORMICK: A. Through the
7	site-specific environmental assessment process, the
8	examination of the effects of access roads, the need
9	for access roads, whether they should properly be gated
10	and only used on a temporary basis or not used at all,
11	this is something that would be dealt with at that
12	level, at that stage in the planning process.
13	One can't assume at this point that the
14	access roads be present that would allow increased
15	hunting, fishing, forestry or whatever. These
16	decisions would be made at that time.
17	Q. Well, there may be views different
18	than yours, Mr. McCormick, that will be heard later in
19	this hearing. What I want to know is whether Hydro
20	considered it in the environmental analysis.
21	THE CHAIRMAN: I think you have an answer
22	for that. They said they did and I think that's their
23	answer. Whether they did it sufficiently or not may be
24	an issue that you want to dispute it later, but they
25	did it.

MR. CASTRILLI: I am sorry, I thought I 1 2 heard Mr. McCormick day he did not.

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THE CHAIRMAN: They considered in generic terms - I shouldn't use that word perhaps - the factor of access roads and they put it into their Exhibit 4. They recognized in their evidence that there are positive and negative effects to access roads which can only be assessed on a site-specific basis. That's their evidence.

MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Has Ontario Hydro studied the significance of waterways to the land use patterns of Aboriginal people in the Moose River Basin, Ms. Quinn?

MS. QUINN: A. I'm sorry to say it's the same answer. We wouldn't have that information unless we were working with the Aboriginal community to find out from them what their usage of the waterways would be, and again I give as an example the study that we are doing in conjunction with the White Sands Band that is specific to the patterns that they have, and that is at the project-specific level.

Is Ontario Hydro aware of any changes in the navigatability of the Mattagami or Abitibi Rivers since the construction of existing hydraulic facilities?

1	MR. MCCORMICK: A. I think we are aware
2	that concerns have been expressed. Beyond that I can't
3	respond to that.
4	Q. Well, is the answer yes or no that
5	you have studied it?
6	You have told me you know that concerns
7	have been expressed. I have asked you whether Hydro
8	has studied the problem.
9	A. We have studied in conjunction with
10	the Mattagami extensions environmental assessment water
11	level fluctuations to a certain point. I think the
12	plan assessment for the Moose River Basin was going to
13	look at that in considerably more detail, but again
14	those studies were terminated as a result of the
15	suspension of studies.
16	Q. Has Hydro studied the effect of
17	existing hydraulic development on harvesting territory
18	in the Moose River Basin, hunting, fishing, trapping?
19	MS. QUINN: A. No, we haven't. For the
20	Mattagami environmental assessment we make reference to
21	it, but our offer to do studies jointly with the
22	Aboriginal people in the area were turned down and so
23	we don't have that specific information.
24	Q. Could I refer you to page 147 of the
25	binder. This is Interrogatory 6.26.279.

THE	REGISTRAR:	367.65.

1 Interrogatory No. 6.26.279. ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.65: 2 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. In this answer you 3 4 indicate that Hydro does not know the extent to which future hydraulic development could cause adverse 5 effects on the natural infrastructure within the Moose 6 7 River Basin. Is that an accurate paraphrase of that 8 answer? 9 MS. QUINN: A. Yes. Also that it would have been studied under the plan assessment and it 10 would certainly be addressed through our corporate 11 12 policy on compensation and mitigation. 13 THE CHAIRMAN: What do you mean by the 14 plan assessment, Ms. Quinn? 15 MS. QUINN: Sorry. The plan assessment 16 that was proposed by Ontario Hydro for the Moose River 17 Basin, it was to address topics that were of interest 18 across the basin involving all of the different 19 interests in the basin. Last February in Timmins there 20 were more than 100 people invited to a meeting convened 21 by Hydro to discuss how studies might proceed, what 22 topics might be of interest, who might be wanting to 23 pursue particular studies, how they would be funded, 24 and it included government, federal, provincial, First

Nations, other Aboriginal groups and representatives of

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communities from within the Basin. We refer to that as 1 our plan assessment, Moose River Basin plan assessment. 2 And work on that has not proceeded. In fact, field 3 4 studies that were planned for the summer were stopped. MS. HARVIE: Mr. Chairman, this piece of 5 6 work was referred to by Mr. Campbell in his submissions 7 as early as the Moose River development Board motion. 8 It was document that was to be filed as a support 9 document along with the Abitibi Complex environmental assessment, and would be updated as work proceeded 10 11 through the Moose River Basin. 12 MR. CASTRILLI: Can we move to page 126 of the binder. We are looking at Interrogatory 13 14 6.26.134. 15 THE REGISTRAR: 367.66. --- EXHIBIT NO. 367.66: Interrogatory No. 6.26.134. 16 17 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. In this answer, Ms. Quinn, you indicate that Ontario Hydro's current 18 19 intention is it that an Aboriginal resource use study be carried out us a part of the Moose River Basin plan 20 assessment which you have just been referring to, and 21 22 that Ontario Hydro wishes to carry out this study 23 cooperatively with Aboriginal people including development of terms of reference. 24 I am wondering, would it have been

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appropriate in a generic hearing such as the one we 1 currently find ourselves in to establish a framework 2 that sets out the parameters with respect to land use 3 4 to be studied and the general approaches for studying them? Would that have been appropriate for this 5 6 proceeding in your view? MS. QUINN: A. Mr. Castrilli, this 7 interrogatory refers specifically --8 9 THE CHAIRMAN: I think, Ms. Quinn, you 10 can make comments you like, but perhaps you should 11 answer the question of whether or not you would have 12 considered it to have been appropriate to make such a 13 study in connection with a generic hearing, and then 14 you can make your comments after that. 15 MS. QUINN: All right, thank you. I don't believe it would have been 16 17 appropriate to have done such a study, or to have set 18 out terms of reference for such a study at this time. 19 I believe that the land use study that is 20

I believe that the land use study that is referred to, the land utilization study involves a fair degree of specificity and participation from people in an area, particularly when it's an Aboriginal community that is having their land uses studied, and that would therefore be something done at a plan assessment or project-specific stage.

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1	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Is it also your view
2	that it would have not been appropriate in this
3	proceeding, the one we are in this morning, to have
4	identified, described and evaluated impacts that are
5	generally applicable from hydraulic generation? Just
6	to use three that I think are actually now exhibits,
7	social impacts on Aboriginal communities, land use and
8	road access, just to name three?
9	MS. QUINN: A. I'm sorry, Mr. Castrilli,
10	I am quite confused by your comment. I thought those
11	topics were referred to in our environmental analysis.
12	Q. Your testimony is that you did not
13	evaluate those, I am asking you, would it have not been
14	appropriate in a hearing of the type we are in at the
15	moment to identify, describe and evaluate the impacts
16	that are generally associated or applicable from
17	hydraulic generation, and I just named those three as
18	examples?
19	A. You're right in the sense that those
20	are topics that are pertinent. They have been
21	identified as we have said, and in a general way they
22	have been evaluated within of the environmental
23	analysis.
24	Q. Ms. Quinn, as a practitioner of
25	environmental assessment, would you agree with me as a

general proposition that in order for a proper 1 2 description and evaluation of mitigation and remediation measures to occur, it must be proceeded by 3 both a proper description of the environment and 4 description of the effects on the environment of a 5 6 proposed undertaking? Yes, at the project-specific stage, I 7 8 agree. 9 Q. What about at this stage we are in? I find it difficult to pursue what 10 Α. 11 you are suggesting because we are seeking approval for 12 attainable potential. We have acknowledged that there 13. could be negative impacts, negative effects. We also 14 acknowledged that the significance of those may vary 15 depending on the views and values of the communities. 16 We also acknowledged in my direct evidence that 17 appropriate mitigation and compensation, impact 18 management measures are developed in conjunction with 19 the parties affected. 20 Q. In the hearing that we are in, which 21 is the one that is not site-specific or project-22 specific but is generic in nature, I want to be clear 23 on your answer because I wasn't quite sure. Are you

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that it is possible, even in the absence of having

telling this Board that it is not possible to -- sorry,

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described the environment and described the effects on 1 2 the environment, to evaluate mitigation and remediation measures? 3 4 A. No, I am saying that we spoke generically about impact management and mitigation 5 6 measures which I specifically mean ways to reduce 7 adverse impacts. [11:17 a.m.] 8 9 Those are referred to in generic ways to 10 do with the hydroelectric option within the 11 environmental analysis, and my direct evidence also spoke about our corporate policies and seven or eight 12 13 specific ways in which impact management is approached. 14 I do believe that without the people 15 involved, affected by the various changes, that you 16 can't actually evaluate what particular impact 17 management approach is the best, you can't describe it 18 to any great extent, and you can't reach any 19 conclusions. I think you're missing a vital component, 20 and that is the views and values of the effected 21 parties, and the information about the specific changes 22 that could be possible. 23 Q. I'm sorry, could I refer you to 24 Exhibit 374? And we're looking at pages 53 and 54. 25 THE CHAIRMAN: Ms. Kleer went over this

1	page before, so I hope we don't get into repetition
2	here.
3	MR. CASTRILLI: No, I shouldn't be doing
4	that, Mr. Chairman.
5	Q. Ms. Quinn, this is the section
6	dealing with the hydraulic generation development
7	program, which sets out at the top of page 53 that:
8	"The program is being planned using
9	the following set of guidelines to
10	achieve optimum benefits."
11	And the two that I'm interested in are
12	actually on page 54. Firstly, on the top of page 54:
13	"Environmental and social community
14	concerns will be considered and
15	mitigation measures adopted as
16	appropriate."
17	And secondly:
18	"Rehabilitation of previous
19	environmental damage will also be
20	considered."
21	Was any of this work done?
22	THE CHAIRMAN: I think this has been
23	asked many, many times in many, many different ways,
24	and I think the answer has been given to it. You may
25	not think it was sufficient, but I think they told you

1	what they've done.
2	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I'm advised
3	by Ms. Kleer that she didn't ask any questions
4	THE CHAIRMAN: You've been asking them
5	all morning long, and they've given you their answer on
6	it. You may think it was insufficient, but they defer
7	some of these matters to site specific hearings.
8	That's the way they do it. They don't do the full
9	studies on some of the matters that you're talking
L 0	about until they get to a site specific. It isn't
.1	useful, in their view, to do it that way.
L2	Now also they say, and they may be right,
L3	they may wrong, that they haven't been able to get the
L4	cooperation of the local inhabitants to assist them in
L5	this.
L6	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I'm only
L7	now embarking on a discussion of mitigation.
18	THE CHAIRMAN: The mitigation they
19	consider to be site specific and not part of their
20	plan. That's what they've told you. As I say, you may
21	not agree with it, but I this think you have to accept
22	their evidence for what it is.
23	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, a lot of my
24	remaining cross-examination is on the issue of

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mitigation.

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THE CHAIRMAN: Mitigation in my view, Mr. 1 Castrilli, is site specific. How can you work on 2 mitigation until you get to the site? I don't see how 3 4 you can. MR. CASTRILLI: Well, Mr. Chairman, the 5 6 difficulty I'm having with your comment is that I have 7 to look at the entirety of section 5-3 of the Environmental Assessment Act, and it is explicit about 8 9 dealing with the issue of mitigation. 10 THE CHAIRMAN: Section 5-3 has to be 11 looked at in the context of this hearing, and we said that in our general, section 5-3 has to be looked at in 12 the context of this hearing. And it is fact that there 13 14 is a general planning for hydraulic of a generic nature, and followed by a site specific planning. 15 all that has to be taken into consideration when 16 17 considering 5-3. So 5-3 may not be subject to a 18 literal interpretation. 19 MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I'm 20 wondering if we could have the morning break at this 21 point. 22 THE CHAIRMAN: Certainly, we can take a 23 15 minute break. 24 THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order. 25 This hearing will recess for 15 minutes.

--- Recess at 11:24 a.m. 1 2 ---On resuming at 11:44 a.m. 3 THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order. 4 This hearing is again in session. Be seated, please. 5 MS. HARVIE: Mr. Chairman, we have 6 determined that Interrogatory 6.26.148, there was not a 7 supplementary question asked, but apparently a new and improved answer was in the works, and we have now filed 8 this with Mr. Lucas, and I've left two copies with Mr. 9 10 Castrilli. What we have done is we have left the 11 original response on the page, and just inserted the 12 13 new and improved version. 14 THE CHAIRMAN: So what will we do with 15 the new improved version? Just replace it as the 16 interrogatory answer? Is that satisfactory, Mr. 17 Castrilli? 18 MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, we could do 19 that, or we could simply make this new answer an A, 20 whatever the particular exhibit number is. 21 THE CHAIRMAN: Well, let's do it that 22 way, then we preserve the continuity. 23 MR. CASTRILLI: Unfortunately I don't 24 have the original number in front of me.

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THE REGISTRAR: 367.62.

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1	THE CHAIRMAN: Is that what it was?
2	THE REGISTRAR: Yes.
3	THE CHAIRMAN: All right, then it should
4	be 62A.
5	EXHIBIT NO. 367.62A: Improved version of 367.62.
6	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, we broke
7	off at maybe an important point in this hearing. As I
8	noted at the outset before the break, the remainder or
9	virtually the remainder of my cross-examination deals
10	with the issue of mitigation, and perhaps we should
11	take it one question at a time and see where we go.
12	THE CHAIRMAN: My main concern was with
13	repetition of the nature of the question. Once Hydro
14	says what they've done, whether it's right or wrong, in
15	accordance with the Act or not, then that's the
16	situation. I don't think it helps us to have it
17	repeated.
18	I have some difficulty in seeing how
19	mitigation is even appropriate in a generic hydraulic
20	plan, because I don't see how you can even talk about
21	mitigation without being involved in the site itself.
22	I must say I'm speaking entirely for
23	myself on that, I haven't talked to my colleagues about

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mitigation, which comes at the end of the process, as

it, but I have some real difficulty in seeing how

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it were, has to be thought of in terms of the very specific sites you're on, and general mitigation in generic terms -- there may be some things you can do, and these have been mentioned in the evidence, there is some physical things you can do and some social things you can do. And they've been talked about in general terms. But to talk about them specifically would be, I think very, very difficult.

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MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, why don't we proceed on a question by question basis. I have the gist of your concern with respect to this. Let me just simply say, speaking for my clients, we do not necessarily share the opinion you've just expressed, and we want the opportunity to put that in the record in evidence.

So I suspect were it to be otherwise, you would not only be hearing from myself with respect to this but there would be other parties would want to make submissions to you on this issue.

In addition to the fact we already have numerous exhibits on the record in chief from Ontario Hydro dealing with the issue of mitigation, remediation and compensation. So why don't we just proceed on a question by question basis?

THE CHAIRMAN: But as you know, this

whole area was canvassed very, very exhaustively in the 1 so-called scoping exercise that went on prior to the 2 hydraulic hearing, and that was intended to define the 3 4 extent of what this hearing is all about, as opposed to what site-specific hearings are all about. 5 6 MR. CASTRILLI: I have your views, Mr. 7 Chairman. Why don't we proceed on a question by question basis, and I will try and steer between the 8 9 shoals, as it were. 10 THE CHAIRMAN: All right. 11 MR. CASTRILLI: O. Ms. Ouinn, we're 12 still in Exhibit 374, and we're now at page 93. And 13 actually just for a bit of context for you, Ms. Quinn, 14 at page 91 of this exhibit, this is under the general 15 heading of "Typical Environmental Concerns and 16 Mitigation," and what we're looking at is on page 93. 17 We're looking at the top two paragraphs on the page, 18 and they say as follows: 19 Concerns and controls, for example 20 erosion protection, fish handling 21 identified and incorporated during the 22 design and construction phases of a 23 projects life can do much to review the 24 potential for major environmental

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disruption.

1	To this end, guidelines are presently
2	being developed to help to reduce impacts
3	during construction. Unfortunately many
4	of the environmental problems that arise
5	cannot be adequately confirmed prior to
6	i.e., during EA studies, site
7	developments or particularly station
8	operation. It often takes several years
9	of operating experience to fully
0	understand the magnitude of the problems
1	or identify any optimal remedial
2	measures.
3	MR. McCORMICK: A. Excuse me, we've lost
4	you. Could you start again? Which paragraph, page
5	number?
6	Q. I'm sorry, I'm on the top two
7	paragraphs of page 93 of Exhibit 374. Are you with me?
8	All right, I'll repeat the beginning of the second
9	paragraph.
0	Unfortunately many of the
1	environmental problems that arise cannot
2	be adequately confirmed prior to i.e.,
3	during EA studies, site development or
4	particularly station operation. It often
5	takes several years of operating

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experience to fully understand the 1 magnitude of the problems or identify any 2 3 optimal remedial measures.

I think that's all I need to read.

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Now this was an assessment that was written in 1982, and Mr. McCormick, can you advise the Board whether, and in particular with respect to the issue that was stated in the second paragraph, that many environmental problems cannot adequately be confirmed prior to site development and operation, is that a view that Ontario Hydro still agrees with?

The reference to station operation I personally would not agree with. The concept of development encompassing site specific environmental assessment, certainly issues and effects are identified through the course of that exercise. We have, though, a good overview of the types of problems that might occur. Such that we know what we're looking for during site-specific environmental assessment.

So I'm not guite sure of why the view that's expressed on page 93 is something you say has changed. What's changed in the intervening nine years?

We've written about four or five project specific environmental assessments, we've done numerous studies under class EAs, our experience has

- changed considerably.
- 2 Again, I'll remind you that this was a
- 3 draft report that was never issued. It is
- 4 developmental thinking. It took place many years ago
- 5 involving people that aren't necessarily involved in
- 6 the planning today.
- Q. You've done four or five EA's --
- 8 sorry, maybe you should tell me which ones you're
- 9 referring to, because as far as I can tell you haven't
- 10 built any hydraulic facilities since 1977. I believe
- 11 that was the evidence in Panel 2.
- A. We are now building Big Chute, we
- 13 have constructed several dam redevelopments done under
- 14 class EAs. The experience gained under environmental
- 15 assessment, just the nature of the process is such that
- in working together with government agencies and
- 17 affected peoples, one reaches reasonable agreements on
- 18 the appropriateness of predictions and mitigation.
- 19 There is always a sense that all the bases have been
- 20 covered.
- Q. Well, then can we take it, Mr.
- 22 McCormick, that as a result of this experience in
- 23 producing four or five EAs, and building I guess at
- 24 least one project, Big Chute, that you now have some
- 25 environmental monitoring information that would confirm

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1	the preassessment predictions that you would like to
2	share with us?
3.	A. Big Chute is being constructed, and
4	monitoring of construction activities is going on. I
5	think in the interrogatories we've indicated, in
6	interrogatory responses, that we have done some level
7	of monitoring on redevelopments. I think our state of
8	knowledge will be much better when the larger projects
9	are built and the proposed monitoring programs
10	implemented, and we do get an excellent before and
11	after analysis of effects.
12	Q. So you're not at this point in time
13	there yet, is that a fair conclusion?
14	A. We're as far as we need to be to be
15	confident in our predictions.
16	Q. Is there any document that you can
17	refer us to that constitutes a host project assessment
18	of the effectiveness of the preproject evaluations?
19	A. I'm aware of studies that have been
20	done by the Canadian Electrical Association on that
21	topic.
22	Q. I'm sorry, is that something that is

Q. I'm sorry, is that something that is now in evidence? Is it a document that we filed? A. I couldn't tell you. It probably has not been.

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1	Q. Perhaps we could have an undertaking				
2	to provide us with a copy of the document you're				
3	referring to. It's not one we're previously familiar				
4	with.				
5	A. I'll take an undertaking on that				
6	document				
7	THE CHAIRMAN: Sorry, there was an EA				
8	document that was referred to earlier. Maybe that's				
9	the one the witness is referring to.				
10	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, we have an				
11	Exhibit 372 that was filed by Ms. Kleer during her				
L2	<pre>cross-examination. I don't know if that's the document</pre>				
L3	that Mr. McCormick is referring to. Perhaps he can				
L4	confirm that and advise us. If there is another				
L5	document that he's referring to, then I would like the				
L6	undertaking.				
L7	MR. McCORMICK: That is the document.				
L8	This is Exhibit 372.				
19	MR. CASTRILLI: All right, that's fine,				
20	thank you.				
21	[12:00 p.m.]				
22	Q. Now, Mr. McCormick, you will recall				
23	there was phraseology used in Exhibit 374, optimal				
24	remedial measures, is the work that you have been				
25	referring to what you say supports let me withdraw				

1 that partial question and rephrase it. Has Ontario Hydro undertaken any work on 2 3 which to base a conclusion that it now has optimal remedial measures in place? 4 MR. McCORMICK: A. We do not use the 5 term "optimal" as part of our normal EA terminology. 6 7 Q. Let me refer to you page 154 of the 8 binder. 9 Mr. Chairman, this is Interrogatory 10 6.10.48, and the attachment at page 155 should also be 11 a part of that next exhibit. THE REGISTRAR: 12 367.67. 13 --- EXHIBIT NO. 367.67: Interrogatory No. 6.10.48. MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Ms. Quinn, this is 14 15 the Ontario Hydro Corporate mitigation and compensation 16 policy for adverse environmental effects. I am not sure if it has been previously filed by Ontario Hydro 17 1.8 but I assumed it hadn't. Can you confirm for me that 19 this policy applies to hydraulic development in the 20 construction, operation and maintenance phases? 21 MS. QUINN: A. It applies to all of 22 Ontario Hydro activity. 23 Q. All right. It also applies to all 24 phases of all Ontario Hydro activities?

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A. Yes, it does.

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1	Q. Thank you. Now, there is a heading			
2	in the middle of the page entitled Governing Principle			
3	which says:			
4	Where Ontario Hydro's activities do or			
5	are likely to create significant adverse			
6	environmental effects with resultant			
7	impact on the public, Ontario Hydro will			
8	assess the impact and may provide			
9	suitable mitigation or compensation to			
10	the affected parties.			
11	Just stopping there. Even where Ontario			
12	Hydro activities do create significant adverse			
13	environmental effects with resultant impact on the			
14	public, it's still discretionary with Ontario Hydro as			
15	to whether suitable compensation or mitigation is going			
16	to be provided?			
17	A. I'm sorry, can you repeat the			
18	question?			
19	Q. Just paraphrasing a portion of the			
20	governing principle I just read into the record. Is it			
21	fair to say that even where Ontario Hydro's activities			
22	do create significant adverse environmental affects			
23	with resultant impact on the public, Ontario Hydro only			
24	may provide suitable mitigation or compensation?			
25	MS. PATTERSON: Isn't this a legal			

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1 question, Mr. Castrilli? We all know that there are conditions to any approvals that might be given to 2 3 Hydro that would include mitigation.

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MR. CASTRILLI: Well, it's not a legal document, Ms. Patterson. It's a voluntary policy as far as I understand it, so I don't see that it requires a legal mind in particular. Ms. Quinn did introduce quite a few policies, other policies of Ontario Hydro's in examination in chief, so I presume she can speak to this one. She maybe even filed this one in examination in chief for all I know.

DR. CONNELL: Mr. Castrilli, this policy is set in a much broader context which your question doesn't seem to recognize. That's the problem that I have.

MR. CASTRILLI: Well, Ms. Quinn has advised us that this policy applies to all phases and all types of Ontario Hydro activities, so I assume it applies to hydraulic in the construction, operation and maintenance phases.

MS. QUINN: Yes, it does, and it is the policy that we have relied on in our project-specific work to make suggestions about impact management, and I refer you to the Little Jackfish environmental assessment and the Mattagami environmental assessment.

1	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Ms. Quinn, my
2	question though is why
3	THE CHAIRMAN: Now we can all get into
4	it. I think the language is clear. It is
5	discretionary. You may ask her why it is or if she
6	agrees with it being, but it seems to be it is clear it
7	is discretionary.
8	MR. CASTRILLI: That was my next
9	question.
10	Q. I wanted to know why in the context
11	where it is clear that on the face of this paragraph
12	there would be or there is significant adverse
13	environmental effects, it isn't mandatory that Hydro
14	provide suitable compensation and mitigation?
15	MS. QUINN: A. I have a few thoughts,
16	one is that we would certainly do our best effort. And
17	the notion of suitable is something that perhaps is
18	determined by the affected parties, by provincial
19	governments or ministries that have standards that we
20	would have to meet as a corporation. There might be
21	interpretation that a hearing board would also have,
22	and these could all vary.
23 -	But on behalf of the Corporation I could
24	say we would do our best efforts.
25	The other thought is that there might be

circumstances where since the time and effect has been created there has been a shift in authority and it's some other party's responsibility to look after this area. I am just aware of the interactions between the provincial government and the Ontario government at this time.

I can't really say much more. But it's not beyond me to envision the fact that other parties in Ontario Hydro are the ones who specifically provide the compensation or mitigation, or whatever it is that may be involved, and this policy does permit more than just monetary payments. There are other actions that are envisioned, permitted by this policy, and it may be the authority of another part of the provincial government, federal government, even perhaps a municipal government to step in and provide the appropriate impact management activity.

Q. Ms. Quinn, do I have it that this policy went into effect in 1983?

A. Yes, that's correct.

Q. Can you provide us with the track record arising out of this policy as it relates to hydraulic, vis-a-vis either mitigation or compensation for existing facilities since the date this policy went into effect?

-	n. Noy 1 can c.
2	Q. Well, I mean, I know you can't at the
3	moment. Can you by way of undertaking give us your
4	best efforts to provide us with some information as to
5	what has been done under this policy vis-a-vis existing
6	mitigation and compensation since the policy went into
7	effect in relation to hydraulic only?
8	A. I am assuming that you are interested
9	in hydraulic as it relates to new and existing
10	facilities or proposed and existing facilities?
11	Q. No, no. Just in relation to existing
12	facilities.
13	Let me make it even more specific, only
1.4	in relation to Aboriginal people.
15	A. I think, Mr. Castrilli, that you have
16	our answer on that already in interrogatories. I
17	suppose I could name them for you.
18	We don't have specific studies that would
19	cover the whole question that you have asked. I can
20	provide you with some information on some claims that
21	have been resolved, some claims that are under way,
22	some discussions that are in early stages, some groups
23	that are forming to consider these matters, but I don't
24	know if that's what you are asking for with your

reference to track record.

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1	Is that the kind of thing you are
2	thinking of?
3	Q. Yes. Now, you said we may already
4	have some this in an answer to an interrogatory, if
5	some of it is already in an answer then may be you can
6	refer us to the interrogatory.
7	A. Yes, if you can give me a second, I
8	will just get the numbers for you.
9	I am going to refer to a few. One
10	interrogatory is 6.26.21.
11	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, that is
12	found at page 202 of the Volume 2 binder. Perhaps we
13	could make that an exhibit.
14	THE REGISTRAR: 367.68.
15	EXHIBIT NO. 367.68: Interrogatory No. 6.26.21.
16	MS. QUINN: Another one is 6.2.12.
17	MR. CASTRILLI: I'm sorry, Ms. Quinn,
18	that was?
19	MS. QUINN: 2.12.
20	THE REGISTRAR: 6.2.12?
21	MS. QUINN: Yes, that's correct.
22	THE REGISTRAR: 367.69.
23	EXHIBIT NO. 367.69: Interrogatory No. 6.2.12.
24	MS. QUINN: Another one is 6.2.135.
25	THE REGISTRAR: 6.2.135 is 367.70.

1	<u>EXHIBIT NO. 367.70</u> : Interrogatory No. 6.2.135.				
2	MS. QUINN: Another one is 6.2.127.				
3	THE REGISTRAR: 367.71.				
4	<u>EXHIBIT NO. 367.71</u> : Interrogatory No. 6.2.127.				
5	MS. QUINN: Another is 6.11.16.				
6	THE REGISTRAR: 367.72.				
7	EXHIBIT NO. 367.72: Interrogatory No. 6.11.16.				
8	MS. QUINN: Another is 6.26.66A.				
9	THE REGISTRAR: 6.26.66 is 73.				
10	MS. PATTERSON: 66A.				
11	MS. QUINN: Yes, I have a 66 and I				
12	believe there is a 66A as well. I just have in front				
13	of me 66. I wonder if I might just asked my fellow				
14	witnesses if they could help me on this point.				
15	Maybe if we can move on to another of				
16	others, we can come back to that specific one to				
17	confirm whether it's 66 or 66A.				
18	EXHIBIT NO. 367.73: Interrogatory No. 6.26.66A.				
19	MR. CASTRILLI: That is fine, Ms. Quinn.				
20	MS. QUINN: Would you like me to carry				
21	on?				
22	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. If there are more, I				
23	was thinking a more expeditious way to do this would be				
24	for you to simply over the break to provide us with the				
25	list and then we can file the list as an exhibit rather				

1 than have you go individually through this. MS. OUINN: A. Yes. Well, this just 2 3 deals with grievances there. The answer that you referred to will involve a more extensive response, 4 some of which has not yet been introduced into the 5 6 hearing. 7 MR. CASTRILLI: Perhaps, Mr. Chairman, in 8 the circumstances we might do that by way of undertaking to speed this up. 9 10 MS. QUINN: I would just like some 11 clarification, Mr. Castrilli, if you can be more 12 specific about what it is you would like. 13 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. It's been so long 14 since I asked the question, I have forgotten what the 15 answers were in relation to. 16

I believe the question was in relation to what has been the Ontario Hydro track record with providing mitigation or compensation pursuant to this policy as it relates to damage arising from existing hydraulic facilities as it would affect Aboriginal people.

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MS. HARVIE: Mr. Chairman, my sense of this is that the interrogatories provide some information about the claims and grievances and the amount of monetary compensation that has been paid out.

1	Ms. Quinn could perhaps correct me, but						
2	my sense of it is that it would be very difficult						
3	indeed to track how Ontario Hydro has provided other						
4	non-monetary compensation.						
5	The policy, as I understand, is applied						
6	in the spirit and it would be difficult to follow						
7	through from the policy to a specific application and a						
8	specific instance beyond of course the payment of money						
9	which we have provided you in this list of						
10	interrogatories.						
11	MR. CASTRILLI: Well, if that's the						
12	witness' evidence, then I will accept that, and she can						
13	provide me with a list of whatever she does have at her						
14	convenience.						
15	MS. QUINN: Okay, thank you.						
16	THE CHAIRMAN: That's with respect to the						
17	monetary payments.						
18	MR. CASTRILLI: Yes. It seems the answer						
19	will be only in relation to monetary.						
20	THE REGISTRAR: Is that an undertaking,						
21	Mr. Chairman.						
22	THE CHAIRMAN: That's an undertaking.						
23	MR. ROGERS: That will be 366.7.						
24	MS. HARVIE: I'm sorry, perhaps I am not						
25	understanding. That is to complete the list of						

1	interrogatories referring to monetary compensation.					
2	MR. CASTRILLI: Yes. Because I					
3	understand Ms. Quinn having adopted your submission as					
4	her evidence, that she wouldn't be in a position to do					
5	it in relation to mitigation.					
6	THE CHAIRMAN: We are talking about					
7	social as opposed to physical, I take it; is that					
8	correct?					
9	MS. HARVIE: These interrogatories relate					
10	to both social and physical compensation, washed out					
11	roads, social losses.					
12	UNDERTAKING NO. 366.7: Ontario Hydro undertakes to provide a complete the list of					
13	interrogatories referring to monetary compensation as a result of damage					
14	arising from existing hydraulic facilities as it would affect Aboriginal					
15	people.					
16	MR. CASTRILLI: Thank you.					
17	Q. Ms. Quinn, continuing with exhibit					
18	367.67 and moving down the page, we are under the					
19	heading of Decision Rules, it is just the next heading					
20	below governing principle. The first decision rule is					
21	that Ontario Hydro will meet the requirements of					
22	applicable legislation. And in the testimony of Ms.					
23	Ryan in Panel 2, I understood her testimony to be that					
24	Ontario Hydro would try to go beyond applicable					
25	legislation wherever it could. This can be found in					

2 MS. PATTERSON: Isn't that what this 3 says, the decision rules would go on to the No. 2 which 4 talks about these other acting-upon effects. 5 MR. CASTRILLI: Ms. Patterson, that's what I was trying to clarify. 6 7 Q. Is No. 2 meant to mean that in fact Ontario Hydro would go beyond the requirements of 8 9 applicable legislation with respect to mitigation 10 pursuant to this policy? A. Yes. In fact our 11 MS. QUINN: 12 project-specific environmental assessments do that. And in my direct evidence I made the point that there 13 14 are view few, if any, standards in provincial legislation, other than I believe to do with health, 15 that Ontario Hydro really has to meet. 16 17 [12:17 p.m.] 18 So what we do in terms of community impacts is voluntary. 19 20 I would refer you to that part of my 21 direct evidence that sets out the seven or eight types 22 of activities that we call impact management. 23 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Right, that was part 24 of your evidence on mitigation in examination in chief, 25 is that right?

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MS. QUINN: A. Yes, but I should just 1 2 point out for you Mr. Castrilli, that the specific word mitigation for me means dealing with adverse impacts. 3 The term impact management includes that as one 4 5 activity, and there are six or seven other activities 6 under that broad heading. Q. All right, thank you for the 7 clarification. 8 9 Could I ask you to refer to table C-6 of Exhibit 4? We are looking at page C-14 of that 10 11 exhibit. This is under the heading of Land Use, and 12 it's under the column Potential Mitigation. We are 13 looking at, it says Wildlife Relocation. 14 First of all, the three columns that form 15 this table are component potential effects and 16 potential mitigation. 17 Under the heading of potential effects 18 with respect to land use, there isn't anything that 19 says wildlife impacts are identified as potential 20 effects, but I assume that is something to be read into 21 that column in light of what we see under potential 22 mitigation? That in fact one of the mitigation 23 initiatives in appropriate circumstances would be 24 wildlife relocation? 25 MR. McCORMICK: A. Yes.

Q. And the analysis clearly makes the judgment that with respect to wildlife impacts, they are capable of being mitigated, since we have them under that column. And just moving to page C-15, and this is now under the heading -- I guess it must be under the component water, and under the potential effects, destruction of aquatic habitats and fish stock degradation, that these impacts are also viewed by Ontario Hydro as capable of being mitigated, because we see a series of potential mitigation measures outlined under the third column?

A. The purpose of this table was to compare options, the table is structured such that the categories for a coal-fired station or a nuclear station were in some way comparable. It is there for illustrative purposes. None of the implications that you're suggesting are there.

## Q. Sorry?

A. The fact that it was structured in a way to be comparable with other options is the reason why land use and the generation site, for example will cover a broad range of activities, its effects. The mitigation isn't intended to be all inclusive. It is just illustrative. These are some of the types of mitigation options that are available.

	Wigle,Quinn,McCormick, Harris (cr ex Castrilli)					
1	Q. I think you simply confirmed what I					
2	think I said. I take your point that the list of					
3	mitigation measures under potential mitigation is not					
4	meant to be exhaustive, but they are meant to apply to					
5	what's in the column in the middle. So I was not					
6	confused by that.					
7	A. I think that's true.					
8	DR. CONNELL: Could I just understand?					
9	We are, I presume, working with the definition in					
10	Exhibit 367.67, which is that mitigation is any					
11	activity that will eliminate or reduce the severity?					
12	It's not just to eliminate, it also embraces reducing					
13	severity? is that understood as between counsel and					
14	the panel?					
15	MR. McCORMICK: That's the way that we					
16	would understand it.					
17	MR. CASTRILLI: I'm sorry, is that a					
18	question to me?					
19	DR. CONNELL: I just wondered in putting					
20	the question, whether you were using that definition or					
21	if you had in mind some other definition.					
22	MR. CASTRILLI: I'm prepared to accept					
23	whatever definition of mitigation the witness says is					

whatever definition of mitigation the witness says is his definition of mitigation. If he says it's what is included under Exhibit 367.67, then that's his

24

25

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- 1 evidence, then I accept that, subject to testing later.
- Looking at table C-6 as a whole as it 2 0.
- 3 relates to hydraulic, Mr. McCormick, would you agree
- 4 with me that it does not identify archaeology or, for
- example, Aboriginal burial grounds or other Aboriginal 5
- 6 heritage resources as being potentially subject to
- adverse effects, let alone potential mitigation? 7
- MR. McCORMICK: A. We are unable to find 8
- 9 it here, but that doesn't mean to suggest that studies
- would not be undertaken on a site specific level. 10
- Indeed very extensive studies are. 11
- 12 Q. So somewhere on table C-6, it would
- 13 be appropriate to, at least implicitly, conclude that
- archaeology should be identified as being capable of 14
- 15 being potentially affected, for example, Aboriginal
- 16 burial grounds?
- 17 Α. Again, the purpose of the table is to
- compare options, and these sorts of effects aren't 18
- 19 necessarily common to every activity, every option and
- 20 every location.
- I'm sorry, what do you mean by 21 0.
- 22 option?
- 23 Hydroelectric station versus a Α.
- 24 coal-fired station. As you can see, the headings on
- 25 the table are broken into combustion turbines, IGCC,

1	5	4	3	0	
---	---	---	---	---	--

1	combined cycle, I think there's nuclear, there's
2	purchases, there's a lot of different generation
3	options in these tables.
4	Q. That's right.
5	A. And the tables were structured for
6	comparative purposes.
7	Q. That's right, but I'm looking at the
8	part of the this table that deals with hydraulic, and
9	I'm trying to determine where it is you dealt with
10	archaeological impacts, and I think I have your answer
11	that it's not there.
12	A. It could be encompassed in the
13	heading Special Sensitive Interests on the top of page
14	C-16, native people, land claims, land use.
15	Q. Could I refer you, Mr. McCormick, to
16	Exhibit 374 again? We are actually looking at page
17	A-39.
18	MS. QUINN: A. Mr. Castrilli, before you
19	move on, if I could just draw your attention to page
20	3-5 of the environmental analysis, where we have
21	defined our headings?
22	Q. I'm sorry, one moment. That was page
23	3-5?
24	A. Yes. The column on the right. And
25	it's the section where the criteria are defined.

_	Q. Onder which sub-heading:
2	A. Special and Sensitive Groups, there's
3	a reference to cultural heritage, and I believe
4	archaeology would fit under that broad reference.
5	Q. All right, thank you.
6	Now, do you have page A-39, Mr.
7	McCormick?
8	MR. McCORMICK: A. Yes, I do.
9	Q. Of Exhibit 374?
10	This is a table entitled "Potential
11	Effects of Hydro Development on Other Uses," and there
12	are a series of columns.
L3	THE CHAIRMAN: I'm not sure what is the
L4	source of this table or who prepared it or who put it
15	forward. Do you know?
L6	MR. CASTRILLI: This is the Ontario Hydro
L7	document.
L8	THE CHAIRMAN: It is an Ontario Hydro
L9	draft document, I recognize that. But is this an
20	appendix. I wondered what this was or where it came
21	from or who prepared it or what? I'm just trying to
22	find it I don't know where this appendix begins,
23	but
24	MR. CASTRILLI: My understanding, it's
25	all part of the same document.

1	THE CHAIRMAN: No, it's part of the same
2	document, though.
3	MS. PATTERSON: Appendix A and appendix
4	C.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Part of it is a Royal
6	Commission, and I don't know where it all comes from.
7	I don't think it matters
8	MR. CASTRILLI: It is appendix C of
9	Exhibit 374.
10	THE CHAIRMAN: Just ask the question you
11	want to ask.
12	MR. CASTRILLI: All right.
13	Q. Mr. McCormick, do you agree that this
14	table we find at page A-39 characterizes potential
15	effects and mitigation possibilities for selected types
16	of activities, such as fisheries and wildlife?
17	MR. McCORMICK: A. It attempts to. I'm
18	not sure that it's consistent with our current
19	thinking.
20	Q. Yes. I wanted to ask you about that.
21	Looking at fisheries under Cold Water
22	Species, the first item on the page, it notes that
23	there would be a negative impact to fisheries arising
24	from hydraulic development, and then under the last

heading, Mitigation Possibility, and there are three

25

1	subheadings under that column, "all," "part" and
2	"none," this particular table indicates that there
3	would be no mitigation possibility in relation to
4	impacts from hydraulic on cold water fish species.
5	A. That's in appropriate.
6	Q. I'm sorry, it's what?
7	A. This is not true.
8	Q. This is not true. How is it not
9	true?
L 0	A. There are mitigation opportunities
11	that can be used to protect cold water species.
12	Q. I see. And are those the ones we
L3	find in table C-6 of the environmental analysis?
L4	A. Table C-6 was there for illustrative
L5	purposes to compare with other options. If cold water
L6	species was not a consideration with the other options,
L7	it wouldn't be here. And again, we didn't believe that
18	it was a major affect on a generic level.
L9	Q. Well, what happened between 1982 and
20	1989.
21	THE CHAIRMAN: I think if you are going
22	to get into this you're going to have to identify what
23	this table is, because I don't know what it is, and I
24	don't know who prepared it, and I think the witnesses
25	ought to know that

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1	This was a draft document prepared by
2	someone that never was an official Hydro document, and
3	this is an appendix. I don't know where it comes from.
4	MS. HARVIE: May I also point out, Mr.
5	Chairman, that a number of these documents that this
6	group have filed as exhibits were not provided through
7	interrogatory responses, but were obtained in our
8	public reference centre, which is the place where all
9	documents draft and otherwise are filed for internal
10	use.
11	MR. CASTRILLI: So what?
12	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I just want you to
13	identify, Mr. Castrilli, what this table is. I think
14	it is meaningless to waste our time at cross-examining
15	on what those conclusions are.
16	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, this is
17	table C. It is part of an appendix entitled "Typical
18	Environmental Concerns and Mitigation Hydro Electric
19	Generation."
20	THE CHAIRMAN: But there is no indication
21	that I can see as to who authored it or where it came
22	from or why it's an appendix or anything.
23	MS. PATTERSON: It's no longer relevant.
24	THE CHAIRMAN: I don't think it is
25	particularly relevant, as Ms. Patterson says. I think

we should...

2 MS. PATTERSON: I think you've gone on
3 beyond this anyway, haven't you? You're now on to what
4 mitigation opportunities there are for cold water
5 species.

MR. CASTRILLI: Well, that's right.

Mr. Chairman, just so there is no misunderstanding, we have in the environmental analysis in 1989 a series of potential effects in relation to various facets of the social and cultural environment, which Ontario Hydro provides a column for called Mitigation Potential. The assumption therefore being that the impacts are mitigatable.

In this document, i.e., Exhibit 374, in a comparably designed table a period seven years earlier they indicate with respect to some of the same facets of the social and cultural environment, that there was no mitigation possibility or possible.

THE CHAIRMAN: First of all they don't indicate it, at least the evidence isn't that they indicate it. C-2 is not Hydro's position necessarily.

I think you have to tell me, and I'm not going to go through this 1982 document, Exhibit 374, to find out where table C-2 comes from. But I think unless you do that, it is a completely meaningless

1	piece of paper, as far as I'm concerned.
2	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, my
3	understanding is that we filed the entirety of Exhibit
4	374.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: It is here, but I haven't
6	gone through it, and I haven't got the time to go
7	through it. And I want you to tell me where C-2 comes
8	from and whose it is and what the appendix is and how
9	it's set up. I mean just to throw a piece of paper in
10	front of the witnesses and expect them to answer
11	questions is not fair to the witnesses.
12	MR. CASTRILLI: Well, Mr. Chairman,
13	perhaps I can deal with this over the break and deal
14	with it in the afternoon, but
15	THE CHAIRMAN: Perhaps that would be the
16	best thing for you to do.
17	MR. CASTRILLI: We have filed the entire
18	document, and it is an Ontario
19	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes, I know that.
20	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I wonder if
21	I might have your indulgence with an early break and
22	that we might resume at 2:00?
23	THE CHAIRMAN: It does create a bit of a
24	problem, I'm afraid. Can't you go on to something

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else?

1	MR. CASTRILLI: Well, I can probably go
2	on to something else, and I'll have to come back. Just
3	give me a moment's indulgence.
4	THE CHAIRMAN: We can stop around ten to,
5	if that's okay.
6	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Can I refer you, and
7	I'm not sure, this might be Ms. Basu Roy, page 176 of
8	the binder? It's exhibit sorry, interrogatory
9	6.26.26.
.0	THE REGISTRAR: 367.74.
.1	THE CHAIRMAN: 74? Thank you.
.2	EXHIBIT NO. 367.74: Interrogatory No. 6.26.26.
.3	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Ms. Basu Roy, if
. 4	you're the appropriate person for me to be asking this
.5	question of, can I take it from Exhibit 367.74 that
.6	evaluation of mitigation measures is done during
.7	definition phase of specific projects, and that you do
.8	not get to a specific amount for mitigation for a
.9	project until you are at the definition phase?
20	MR. FLOOK: A. Perhaps I can help. Yes,
21	that's correct.
22	Q. And just moving to the next page, at
23	page 177, which is interrogatory 6.26.365
24	THE REGISTRAR: The number is 367.75.
25	EXHIBIT NO. 367.75: Interrogatory No. 6.26.365.

[12:40 p.m.]

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2 MR. CASTRILLI: O. I understand from this 3 interrogatory, now this exhibit, that Hydro has provided a contingency allowance in project estimates 4 5 to account for unestimated costs including mitigation and compensation measures. I am wondering if you can 6 7 tell me what is the proportion of the contingency allowance applicable to mitigation? 8 9 MR. FLOOK: A. I think first of all 10 there is some correction to the interrogatory, there are allowances for some assumed amount of mitigation 11 measures, or compensation allowed for in the estimate 12 13 per se. The mitigation measures, of course, are 14 included in the direct construction costs whether a 15 physical undertaking as described in direct evidence, the costs of if there was compensation or some 16 17 community impact agreement or resource use agreement 18 and there is dollars involved it would get allowed for 19 under the engineering section. And unknown amounts 20 also would be covered under the point of contingency 21 which is applied to all, as in my direct evidence, all 22 the different components of the estimate, contingency 23 is applied to it. 24 Q. Perhaps we can get some 25 clarification. Perhaps I could ask you to look at

1 figure 10 of the hydraulic plan, Exhibit 28. 2 Mr. Flook, I am thinking that this figure is one that may have been updated. 3 I believe you will see an update that 4 5 is page 25 in the update. Q. All right, so that will be page 25 of 6 Exhibit 359? 7 8 A. Correct. 9 Q. So why don't we use the update. Just looking at the Mattagami Complex 10 11 capital cost for 1991, we see a figure of \$567.7 million? 12 13 A. That's what it says here. If we were to apply the contingency 14 Q. 15 allowance applicable to mitigation to just that line 16 item, vis-a-vis the Mattagami Complex, what would the 17 actual contingency allowance be? A. I believe in the notes down below you 18 19 will see a statement that those numbers include -- the 20 third note down. No, excuse me. 21 Sorry, I thought when I just glanced down 22 the 10 per cent premium... Approximately 10 per cent, 23 would be included in there for contingency. 24 THE CHAIRMAN: The 10 per cent premium is

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referring to something entirely different.

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1	MR. FLOOK: Correct. When I first looked
2	down I thought the 10 per cent applied to contingency.
3	That is incorrect. You're right, the 10 per cent
4	applied to a premium. The contingency is already in
5	that capital cost indicated, the \$567.7 million.
6	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. I am not quite clear.
7	What is the percentage of the \$567.7 million that is
8	contingency allowance?
9	MR. FLOOK: A. Approximately 10 per
10	cent.
11	Q. It is 10 per cent.
12	THE CHAIRMAN: Is that contingency for
13	mitigation and compensation or just one?
14	MR. FLOOK: It's for everything. It
15	could be variations in unknown, engineering costs,
16	things that may occur in the direct construction cost,
17	so the 10 per cent is applied to the total amount of
18	money.
19	THE CHAIRMAN: So it's the 10 per cent
20	that you referred to in your direct evidence.
21	MR. FLOOK: Yes.
22	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. All right, Mr. Flook,
23	I was going to refer to you figure 12-2 of Exhibit 3,
24	which is the DSP, but I suspect you have also updated
25	that. Maybe we should refer then to the appropriate

1 update for figure 12-2, if you have that. 2 THE CHAIRMAN: Is it figure 12-2? 3 MR. CASTRILLI: Yes, figure 12-2 in the 4 DSP. 5 Q. Can you tell me, Mr. Flook, what the 6 updated figure is for that? 7 MR. FLOOK: A. That is the table on page 25 that are looking at, I believe. 8 9 Q. So that updates 12-2 as well. 10 Sorry, that can't be right. Is that 11 right? 12 MS. BASU ROY: A. Page 25 of Exhibit 359 13 is intended to be an update of figure 12-2 of the DSP. 14 Q. All right. We have been speaking about the contingency allowance, now I am directing 15 your attention to figure 3 of Exhibit 359 which is on 16 17 page 25, did you include this contingency allowance in the project estimates to develop all of the cost 18 benefit ratios we see in figure 3? 19 20 The cost benefit ratios do include a contingency allowance. 21 22 MS. PATTERSON: On Exhibit 362 at page 14 23 where we have got the hydroelectric capital cost estimates, it says at the bottom that the contingency 24 25 is 10 to 20 per cent of the base estimate. So are we

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using 10 per cent in all of these on page 25 of Exhibit 1 359 instead of anywhere from 10 to 20 per cent? 2 MR. FLOOK: It's not necessarily always 3 10 per cent. It's a variable amount. 4 5 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. That was my next 6 question. The contingency allowance is not the same percentage of costs for every hydraulic project in the 7 8 plan; is that right? 9 MR. FLOOK: A. Not necessarily. 10 Q. Now, refer to page 178 of the binder, 11 which is Interrogatory 6.26.234. 12 THE REGISTRAR: 367.76. 13 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.76: Interrogatory No. 6.26.234. 14 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Now, in the second 15 sentence of this answer you indicated that allowances for mitigation of social and environmental effects are 16 17 included in planning estimates. Is this the same thing 18 as the contingency allowance for unestimated costs that 19 we were talking about in relation to Interrogatory 20 6.26.367, which is now Exhibit 367.75? 21 MR. FLOOK: A. No. As I explained 22 earlier in my response to you, that in correcting the 23 previous interrogatory, is that where the mitigation 24 measure is a direct capital construction, it's included 25 in the direct construction costs, and where it may end

1,	up being a monetary amount, it's included in the
2	engineering cost component as indicated in my direct
3	evidence page 15 of Exhibit 362.
4	Q. Can you tell me, Mr. Flook, what
5	categories of mitigation costs are included in these
6	cost estimates?
7	A. I'm sorry, I don't understand your
8	use of the term "category".
9	Q. What types of mitigation costs are
.0	included in the cost estimates?
.1	A. Well, in the early study process
.2	nothing has been identified. It's a judgment that
.3	people have applied and an allowance is made in the
4	cost estimates of what they feel in talking with team
5	members is a reasonable amount.
.6	As indicated in my direct evidence, as
L <b>7</b>	the study process continues on and more information is
L8	identified, then particular components are identified
.9	in there.
20	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, is this an
21	appropriate place to break now?
22	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes, we can break now. We
23	will come back at 2:30.
24	THE REGISTRAR: This hearing will adjourn
25	until 2:30.

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- 1 ---Luncheon recess at 12:50 p.m. 2 ---On resuming at 2:34 p.m. THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order. 3 This hearing is again in session. Be seated, please. 4 5 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Castrilli? MR. CASTRILLI: Q. I think, Mr. Flook, 6 7 you might be the most appropriate person for me to ask 8 this question to. I'm referring to page 179 of the 9 binder. And this is Interrogatory 6.26.12, and 10 attached to it, as part of the answer was interrogatory 11 2.9.6. THE REGISTRAR: Give them one number? 12 13 MR. CASTRILLI: I believe 2.9.6 was 14 actually attached as an interrogatory -- sorry, as an 15 exhibit to one of the Hydro --16 THE CHAIRMAN: Why don't we put them both 17 in, and then there won't be any confusion. THE REGISTRAR: 6.26.12 is 367.77. 18 19 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.77: Interrogatory No. 6.26.12. 20 THE REGISTRAR: And 2.9.6 is 78. 21 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.78: Interrogatory No. 2.9.6. 22 MR. CASTRILLI: All right, thank you. 23 Q. Mr. Flook, I think before the break,
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included in the cost estimates we were referring to

I had asked you what categories of mitigation costs are

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1	earlier. I think I actually meant to ask you what
2	categories of mitigation types are included in the cost
3	estimates as well, and I don't know if that would have
4	affected your answer.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: I have a little difficulty
6	with this question, because as I understand it Hydro's
7	evidence is that they don't estimate mitigation
8	compensation when they are costing a project at the
9	definition stage, but they recognize the possibility
.0	that there might be mitigation and compensation
.1	payable, and that's captured in their 10 to 15 per cent
.2	contingency.
.3	So no one sits down and ticks off
. 4	flooding, wildlife, things of that nature. That's my
.5	understanding of their evidence at this point. So
.6	perhaps you may want to clarify that, but that's what I
.7	took from what they have said.

MR. CASTRILLI: Well, I think that's what
I've taken from what they've said as well. But what
I'm exploring is what is the potential scope of
mitigation activities and what that may or may not do
to the ultimate cost addition associated with evidence
they've already filed.

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Q. Now, Mr. Flook, particularly in Exhibit 367.78, I've looked for mitigation types or

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1	types of mitigation, just in relation to the Abitibi
2	Complex or the Abitibi River, I guess it is, and the
3	Mattagami sites, and the only mitigation category I
4	could come up with is found at page 185 for Abitibi
5	Canyon, and that was protecting pickerel spawning. And
6	apart from that there were no other specific measures
7	for mitigation in relation to either Abitibi or
8	Mattagami, is that correct?
9	MR. FLOOK: A. I believe this
10	interrogatory asked about mitigation measures or
11	identifying non-power constraints effecting operation
12	of existing hydroelectric generating stations. That's
13	what this list is.
14	Q. So am I right, the only one in
15	relation to those two complexes is pickerel spawning
16	sorry, measures in relation to protection of pickerel
17	spawning?

A. I believe this list is complete, yes. 18

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MR. SNELSON: A. But this is only a list of operating constraints. It's not a complete list of mitigation measures.

Q. Mr. Flook, perhaps you can assist me. Has Hydro filed -- if you were making a distinction between an operating constraint and mitigation, and this exhibit is not meant to be a full list of

l	mitigation	measures	that	are	in	place	now,	as	Mr.

- Snelson has suggested, has Hydro actually produced
- 3 anywhere in the evidence a complete list of mitigation
- 4 measures similar to what you have here as operating
- 5 constraints? I mean, does that exist?

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6 MR. FLOOK: A. Well, two things, one of

7 which this is specific non-power, as indicated, where

8 some sort of operating constraint is put in place.

Mitigation as such becomes part of the site infrastructure if it is a physical thing, and it is not identified as something separate, and there has been no attempt to go through and say what has been done at the various sites.

## Q. Sorry, Mr. Wigle?

MR. WIGLE: A. Maybe I can add something. We have a number of programs in the operational part of the organization that help control impacts. Several are the oil containment program, this is where we're building concrete containers around any oil containing equipment, equipment that contains oil. So that if there is any problem, this oil will not get into the environment at the river; we have an erosion control program, where we are monitoring all downstream channels for erosion that might be caused by our operations; we are involved with the MOE's MISA

1	program, the municipal industrial strategy for
2	abatement; we've had a program under way removing PCBs
3	from all equipment within a hydraulic station.
4	Q. All right, if I might ask, you don't
5	have a list comparable to this for mitigation measures,
6	and part of the reason for that is that they are often
7	built directly into the facility at the time of
8	construction. Some of them are add-ons, such as the
9	one Mr. Wigle has mentioned.
10	MR. FLOOK: A. That is correct.
11	Q. Mr. Flook, perhaps just continuing
12	with you, this morning we were speaking of the
13	contingency, contingency allowance for mitigation. Did
14	Ontario Hydro study the experience gained in other
15	utilities, such as Quebec and Manitoba, with respect to
16	what the magnitude of their contingency allowance is
17	for environmental mitigation measures?
18	A. No, from the point of view of looking
19	at the cost estimating process, we haven't studied
20	those, although we are aware of the happenings in those
21	two jurisdictions, but it is mainly based upon our own
22	experience, and it becomes very site specific.
23	Q. Mr. Flook, just continuing with you,
24	would you agree that among the types of constraints

that would result in mitigation costs during

1 construction and operations might include the cost of 2 mitigation measures to maintain a minimum flow? 3 A. That may be a cost of mitigation, 4 yes. That wouldn't show up in the capital cost, of 5 course, that would show up in the operating and 6 maintenance cost. 7 Q. I'd like to refer you to page 189 of 8 the binder. Sorry, this is Interrogatory 6.2.23. 9 THE REGISTRAR: 367.79. 10 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.79: Interrogatory No. 6.2.23. MR. CASTRILLI: O. This is an attachment 11 to it that is the 1950 Niagara Diversion Treaty. The 12 13 reason why I've raised this matter is I assume that 14 among the reasons for maintaining a minimum flow could 15 include, for scenic purposes. 16 MR. FLOOK: A. I think you have to have 17 the timetable of when events happen. Of course the 18 park was created before the generation was there, and 19 as part of the reason, money to operate the park, the 20 right to build hydraulic facilities there was granted 21 to people. And so certainly the park consideration was 22 there before the hydraulic generation was there. 23 Q. Well, just looking at what would be page 192 of Exhibit 367.79, just at really the 24

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preamble, it talks about:

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1	Canada and the United States recognize
2	their primary obligation to preserve and
3	enhance the scenic route and beauty of
4	the Niagara Falls.
5	I assume it would not have been a good
6	idea to sorry, it would have been a good idea and is
7	a good idea to maintain a minimum flow at Niagara
8	Falls.
9	A. Yes, it is a good idea to maintain a
10	minimum flow, that's correct.
11	Q. That's in part what the purpose of
12	the attached document is all about.
13	I also understand, however, correct me if
14	I'm wrong, that Ontario Hydro does not have any idea
15	what the foregone revenues are for retaining the
16	minimum flows at Niagara Falls, is that right? I'm
17	sorry, perhaps it's easiest for you to respond to that
18	question by looking at Exhibit 367.77 at page 180.
19	[2:45 p.m.]
20	MR. WIGLE: A. Maybe I will try and
21	answer that question. I believe the column here says
22	not applicable, and I would like to go back to the
23	treaty, page 192.
24	Q. It says not available.
25	A. Well, not available, not applicable.

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1	THE CHAIRMAN: Actually, Mr. Castrilli is
2	right, not applicable is at the key at the end of the
3	schedule.
4	Not available. Mr. Wigle is right. Not
5	available is what it says at the end.
6	MR. CASTRILLI: I believe that's what I
7	said.
8	THE CHAIRMAN: That's what you said. I
9	was right the first time, so were you. (Laughter)
10	MR. WIGLE: If I could add another point
11	here, going back to page 192 of the treaty.
12	There is a hierarchy here of
13	decision-making. I believe Canada and the United
14	States decided the falls flow shall be satisfied first,
15	and then the treaty defined how much would be available
16	for power production. In the fifth paragraph, I
17	believe, on page 192, if I can read it:
18	Realizing that any redevelopment of
19	the Niagara River for power in Canada and
20	the United States of America is not
21	advisable until the total diversion of
22	water which may be made available for
23	power purposes is authorized permanently.
24	So, in developing Niagara we consider the
25	water that's available after the falls flow is decided.

1	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. All right, I think I
2	understand what you are saying. It seems to be
3	consistent with what I thought you and Mr. Flook
4	indicated earlier. It wouldn't be socially acceptable
5	to reduce the minimum flow at Niagara Falls to zero; i
6	that a fair statement.
7	MR. FLOOK: A. That's correct. And the
8	water that is flowing over, the water that is
9	considered for power generation is what is left after
10	that.
11	Q. All right. And I understand that
12	Ontario Hydro also ensures minimum flows for the
13	purposes of accommodating navigation, and perhaps
14	that's most easily dealt with by again referring to
15	page 182. We are looking at the DeCew Falls under
16	Niagara River and under the heading Citizen and
17	Environmental Constraints within which Ontario Hydro
18	Operates. Reduce DeCew discharge to accommodate the
19	regattas any time from may to August each year. In
20	doing that I understand that there is a financial
21	impact to Ontario Hydro of \$100,000.
22	MR. WIGLE: A. That is correct.
23	Q. So that's at least one example of
24	where Ontario Hydro ensures minimum flows for the
25	purposes of accommodating navigation.

1	A. I might add, maybe navigation is not
2	the appropriate word. This a rowing regatta I believe
3	from the various schools and on specified weekends they
4	require a lower flow so that the velocities aren't too
5	high for the rowing championships.
6	Q. So that would it be fair to say that
7	Ontario Hydro should be cognizant then of
8	transportation uses of rivers such as the Abitibi and
9	the Mattagami for hunting, trapping and fishery
10	purposes used by Aboriginal people?
11	MR. FLOOK: A. I think when you start
12	looking into site-specific environmental assessments,
13	yes, you should be.
14	Q. I am not certain I asked this
15	earlier, but has Ontario Hydro studied the effects that
16	previously occurred on navigation on those two rivers
17	systems as a result of the operation of hydraulic dams
18	on those systems?
19	THE CHAIRMAN: I think you're right, you
20	did ask that question this morning.
21	MR. CASTRILLI: I don't remember the
22	answer but I will read it in the transcript.
23	THE CHAIRMAN: If someone remembers the
24	answer they can give it, I think Mr. McCormick gave it.
25	MR. McCORMICK: I described the types of

1	studies that were undertaken and indicated that
2	additional studies were going to be undertaken and were
3	stopped as a result of the postponement. Those studies
4	dealt with matters such as water level fluctuations,
5	depths of water, flow rates, needed to make any
6	judgments on navigational effects.
7	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Could I refer you,
8	Mr. Flook, to Exhibit 3, page 12-11. I am looking at
9	line 17, the sentence that reads:
.0	Because the stations will be designed
.1	to maximize the capability of a site they
.2	will not be able to run continuously.
.3	We asked you an interrogatory about that
. 4	which is found at page 198 of the binder. It's
.5	Interrogatory 6.26.206.
.6	THE REGISTRAR: 367.80.
.7	EXHIBIT NO. 367.80: Interrogatory No. 2.26.206.
.8	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. In this interrogatory
.9	I believe you are advising us that what the sentence on
20	page 12-11 that I read into the record means is that
21	you put in large turbines to generate more energy and
22	you store inflows in a reservoir and only operate them
23	during certain hours during the day; is that right?
24	MR. FLOOK: A. At certain times of the
25	vear.

1	Q. So would it be fair to say that with
2	respect to the Moose River Basin that Hydro is not
3	maintaining any minimum level of flow to keep the
4	downstream at a certain minimum level?
5	A. As part of the proposed projects,
6	that would be one of the things that would be looked at
7	under either the basin or the site-specific EA process.
8	Q. Just as an example, Mr. Flook, in
9	looking at the Mattagami EA, I think we actually
.0	included that as an exhibit already, it seemed to me
.1	that Ontario Hydro had not included as a potential
.2	mitigation measure and as far as I could determine
.3	hadn't determined the cost of minimally restricting
. 4	flows to permit access by boat for Aboriginal people in
.5	areas where they might hunt, trap and fish. Is that an
.6	accurate statement?
.7	MR. McCORMICK: A. The mitigation
.8	proposed in the Mattagami environmental assessment
.9	dealt specifically with the effects of the extensions
20	and not the effects of existing facilities. There are
21	processes in place whereby those effects can be
22	evaluated and steps taken.
23	Now, what the Mattagami extensions
24	environmental assessment proposed, and there was
25	mitigation downstream of Kipling, the proposal, by and

1	large, was a release of flows through critical periods
2	which was an fisheries concern and also to maintain
3	existing minimum waters levels such that water levels
4	would not drop below existing levels. That's why I say
5	it related directly to the proposed extensions.
6	Q. Well, just assist me, if you can, for
7	a minute, Mr. McCormick. Can you look at page 48(i) of
8	what is now Exhibit 401.
9	THE CHAIRMAN: Is 401 in your book?
10	MR. CASTRILLI: Yes, it is. As I said it
11	was page 48(i).
12	THE CHAIRMAN: Page 48(i) of your book?
13	MR. CASTRILLI: Yes.
14	Q. This is a table entitled "Resource
15	Use Effects During Operation and Proposed Mitigation
16	Measures", Mr. McCormick, we are looking at the bottom
17	of the page under the subheading of aquatic, the issue,
18	I guess it is, is canoeing/boating, and the predicted
19	effects are noted to include:
20	Conditions will continue to be
21	dangerous below Kipling generating
22	station in spring and difficult in summer
23	due to low water levels. Levels may be
24	shallower on weekends due to five day
25	operations.

-	I am just rooking at the proposed
2	mitigation, it's noted that Ontario Hydro will
3	recommend to MNR, that's the Ministry of Natural
4	Resources, that the Mattagami River no longer be
5	advised as a canoe route.
6	Maybe just in conjunction with that, now
7	looking at page 48(ii), which is just the next page of
8	that same exhibit, and if we look at the right-hand
9	column, items C, D and E, all also clearly suggest to
0	me, and I want to know if they suggest to you, that
1	there is not an intention to maintain a minimum flow
2	downstream of the sites?
.3	MS. HARVIE: Mr. Chairman, these are
.4	extremely site-specific questions.
.5	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I am just
.6	using them for illustrative purposes and will not be
.7	there very long.
.8	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, you can continue
.9	with this.
0	MR. McCORMICK: This is an example of
1	selective use of information to make a point that was
2	not intended.
13	I will go back, the Mattagami
14	environmental assessment addressed the effects of the
15	extensions and not specifically the existing facilities

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1 because other mechanisms were in place to deal with 2 that. I said that water levels would not drop 3 below minimum, I stand by that, and there are sections 4 5 of the EA that very clearly state that. 6 I think all the passage on page 7-11 7 alludes to is that average levels may be slightly less 8 than what the averages are now, but the minimum levels 9 which are important for navigation will not change. 10 If this is a concern I think when it's 11 brought to the attention of Ontario Hydro, Ontario 12 Hydro will look at. In fact, at the time the plan 13 assessment was shut down we were proposing to look at 14 this in considerably more depth. 15 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Mr. McCormick, 16 perhaps you and I should look at Exhibit 359 together. 17 Page 26 this is your updated figure -- sorry, it's now figure 4, and it is the update of figure 7 in the 18 19 hydraulic plan report which is Exhibit 28. [3:02 p.m.] 20 21 Just looking under the column 22 "Incremental Energy" let's look at it for winter 23 off-peak, and I'm just looking at it for the Mattagami

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Kipling, 79.6 for Smoky Falls, 66.4 for Harmon and 59.4

Complex, we see four numbers in brackets, 65.7 for

24

1 for Little Long. These are negative incremental energy 2 figures, Mr. McCormick? 3 MS. BASU ROY: A. Maybe I can answer 4 that. These energy values that you're seeing here, 5 this is only for the incremental development that will take place. That's not for the total complex. 6 7 THE CHAIRMAN: So the effect is there will be a decrease in energy, is that correct? 8 9 MS. BASU ROY: Well, it suggests that 10 distribution of the energy -- this is not then finalized, and it is something that will be reviewed at 11 12 the site specific EA. 13 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Well, it's in your 14 Exhibit 359, so I'd like to pursue it for a moment. Don't those four bracketed figures mean 15 16 that in winter off-peak you'll be holding back even 17 more water than is currently being held back? MS. BASU ROY: A. The figures show a 18 19 reduction in energy for the winter off-peak over what 20 is currently available from the complex. 21 Q. Does it also mean that during winter 22 off-peak, you will be holding back more water than is 23 currently being held back? 24 MR. SNELSON: A. Yes, on average. Q. Thank you. And that's also true for 25

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summer off-peak, except for Smoky Falls, is that right, 1 2 Mr. Snelson? A. Yes, that's correct. 3 Q. I'm not sure at this point who to 4 5 ask. I take it that Ontario Hydro did not -- well, Mr. 6 Snelson, let me ask you. You can tell me if you're the right person for me to ask. 7 8 I take it that Ontario Hydro did not give 9 any consideration in the DSP as to what the mitigation 10 costs would be for maintaining a minimum flow downstream for either the Mattagami or the Abitibi 11 12 Complexes for any purpose, is that fair? 13 A. The DSP would use whatever was the 14 current estimates of power and energy and the cost for 15 those specific sites that were available at that time. 16 And the degree to which any mitigation measures have 17 been built into that is something which I can't 18 specifically speak to, but it would be whatever was the 19 assumed operating pattern and costs, as predicted at that time. 20 21 Q. Well, let's just pitch this at this 22 level. Would it be fair to say at the generic level,

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would it not be fair to begin by establishing a

constraint that said, in assessing the attainable

potential from a particular river, that you should

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maintain, or you should ensure that as a threshold a minimum downstream historic flow is required, or is maintained? Is that something that you could not do at the generic level?

MR. McCORMICK: A. That is something one cannot deal with the at the generic level. Minimum flows are provided for certain purposes. There is alternative mitigation to minimum flows. You have to look at the specific circumstances. The technology used to determine minimum flows involves a very extensive site specific study, with a consideration of all of the various parameters affecting water levels and flow rates in a specific stretch of river.

Q. And I take it, Mr. McCormick, that
Ontario Hydro at the DSP level did not examine these
other mechanisms that you've referred to for
maintaining minimum downstream flows for navigation or
any other purpose, is that right.

THE CHAIRMAN: You've used two
expressions, and I don't know whether there is a
distinction. You talk about minimum downstream flows,
and then you talk about minimum historic downstream
flows, and I think they may be two different things.

MR. CASTRILLI: All right, well, why don't I ask -- well, perhaps in Mr. McCormick's answer

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1	he can tell me if his answer would differ.
2	Q. But let me ask it in relation to just
3	firstly maintaining minimum downstream flows for
4	navigation purposes without the historic reference.
5	MR. McCORMICK: A. You'll have to begin
6	again. What was the first part of your question?
7	Q. Sure. Did Hydro, at the DSP level,
8	consider whether other mechanisms for maintaining
9	minimum downstream flows for navigation could be
10	considered?
11	A. The consideration was that there are,
12	for some hydroelectric projects, a need to protect
13	spawning habitat, navigation, whatever, and that there
14	is a range of mitigation options that can be applied,
15	and that consideration would be applied at the site
16	specific level.
17	Q. Mr. McCormick, while I'm talking with
18	you, could I ask you to turn to Volume 83 of the
19	transcript? And we are looking at page 14701 and
20	14702. This actually arises out of a question that Dr.
21	Connell asked you. I believe it is with respect to
22	mercury accumulation in James Bay and Hudson bay.
23	And at the line, beginning at line 3 in
24	your response, you say:
25	"In part there would be a long period

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1	of time involved, perhaps in monitoring
2	studies, and the predictions would tend
3	to take it out quite a period of time. I
4	would imagine in the order of 40, 50,
5	perhaps 60 years."
6	I wasn't quite clear there whether you
7	were in fact talking about 40 to 60 years of monitoring
8	studies. Is that what you were referring to?
9	A. I was referring to studies that might
.0	span that period of time. It doesn't mean that every
.1	year over sixty years it would be done, but certainly
.2	it would be done at regular enough intervals to make
.3	useful use of that data.
.4	Q. But you were referring to monitoring
.5	studies there?
.6	A. I guess implicit in that, that there
.7	would be something measurable to monitor, if that's
.8	what you mean.
.9	Q. Well, perhaps the easiest way to do
10	this is to refer to you page 19 of Exhibit 359. And
1	this I believe is an update of Exhibit 28 at page A2-1
2	of the horizon or time horizon for natural
!3	environmental effects monitoring.
24	I think in Exhibit 28, you didn't make a
25	distinction between extensions and new sites in terms

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- of monitoring costs. In this update you have made a
- 2 distinction, so that the cost for new site monitoring
- over a 20-year costing horizon is double what it is for
- 4 extensions.
- 5 But leaving that aside for the moment, if
- 6 the time horizon for monitoring mercury in James Bay is
- 7 between 40 and 60 years, why would you stop your
- 8 environmental effects monitoring after year 20?
- 9 A. I'm sure that was not the intent of
- 10 this particular table. And I again was not speaking
- 11 specifically to James Bay.
- Q. What do you mean you weren't speaking
- specifically to James Bay, in your answer to Dr.
- 14 Connell?
- A. I'm sorry, in my answer to Dr.
- 16 Connell, it was in relation to James Bay.
- 17 Q. So if we were to cost out page 19 to
- year 40 or year 60, what figures should we be looking
- 19 at over that time span?
- A. I can't speak to all of the economic
- 21 information, but again, as you go further out in time,
- changes from year to year aren't substantial. You may
- 23 find it inappropriate to be spending a significant
- 24 amount of money on an annual basis. It may be spread
- over five or ten years at that point.

1	I think also, I would hope someone else
2	on the panel could speak to the net present value of
3	expenditures of that kind that far in the future.
4	MS. BASU ROY: A. Maybe I can add
5	something here.
6	First of all, the values that you are
7	seeing here on page 19 are of a generic nature that we
8	would put in more specific values for individual sites,
9	where we might have specific monitoring needs
10	identified. So it could be something significantly
11	different than what you're seeing, this is
.2	illustrative.
13	As the numbers get further out into the
14	future through present valuing, the costs, the value
15	later on would be reduced significantly in the cost
16	benefit analysis.
L7	Q. All right, so you've already answered
18	a question I was about to ask. You're in fact not
L9	assuming the same monitoring cost for each site.
20	A. That's correct. Well, for some of
21	the sites we have more specific information, and we
22	would have numbers that differ from what you're seeing
23	here, because we're further along with studies.
24	Q. Ms. Basu Roy, perhaps I could
25	continue with you. What categories of natural

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1	environment measures were assumed to be included in
2	this well, let's just look at extensions. I guess
3	it would be \$650,000 over that 20 year period for one
4	site.
5	What sorts of natural environmental
6	effects were you including when you came up with that
7	cost, even if it is a generic cost?
8	A. Just generally, the last sentence
9	there under that section A, it says:
10	The costs are for programs to verify
11	predictions made in the environmental
12	assessment to appraise the effectiveness
13	of mitigation measures and to identify
14	the need for further actions to protect
15	the environment and resource users.
16	I think if you're looking for something
17	more specific than that, Mr. McCormick might be able to
18	add something?
19	MR. McCORMICK: A. All of the monitoring
20	studies are a product of the site specific
21	environmental assessment process. At this point, when
22	we are only working with a general sense of what a
23	baseline study costs us when we first undertake
24	environmental assessment, and that's the order of
25	magnitudes of funds that would be put aside for the

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1	post operational phase.
2	There is no breakdown at this point,
3	because every project will have its own specific
4	concerns, components of the environment that should be
5	monitored.
6	Q. What kind of range of error are we
7	talking about? And you've given us just one figure.
8	Let's say, \$100,000 per year for years one to five.
9	What's the range that you might be considering as being
10	the appropriate range to consider with respect to this
11	issue, as opposed to an average?
12	A. I can't speak to that. I wasn't
13	involved in the determination of these numbers. I'd
14	have to check.
15	Q. I'm sorry, who was?
16	MS. BASU ROY: A. I think the numbers
17	that you see on page 19 are representative of the
18	numbers that we feel are appropriate to put in at this
19	stage of planning. That's about as much information we
20	have but as we get closer into site specific studies,
21	we'll have a better feeling for what the actual numbers
22	should be.
23	Q. Mr. Flook, did you want to add
24	something?

MR. FLOOK: A. I'll add to that. I gave

1	June numbers to use there.
2	Q. I'm sorry?
3	A. I said I gave Ms. Basu Roy numbers to
4	be put in to use.
5	Q. Do you have a sense of what the range
6	should be as opposed to a single number?
7	A. Plus or minus 10, 15 per cent.
8	Q. All right, thank you.
9	And, Mr. Flook, if you're the appropriate
10	person to ask, the costs are, just focusing now on new
11	sites for a moment, it's \$200,000 a year for each year
12	in the first five years, and thereafter you only
13	monitor every five years. What's the rationale for
14	only monitoring every five years after year five?
15	MR. McCORMICK: A. The rationale for
16	decreasing amount of monitoring is the expectation that
17	certain components of the environment will begin to
18	reach some form of steady state or equilibrium, such
19	that you can't measure year to year changes. And as
20	you start finding no change from one year to the next,
21	you usually would expect to delete that from your
22	monitoring program.
23	Q. This heading is called "Costs of
24	Natural Environment Effects Monitoring." Is it meant
25	nonetheless to include the cost of social, economic,

1 cultural impacts effect monitoring? 2 [3:20 p.m.] 3 MR. FLOOK: A. That would have been 4 assumed in those numbers. I am sorry, you said that was assumed 5 Q. 6 in those numbers? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Q. Mr. Flook, can you advise the Board 9 whether Ontario Hydro has any experience in monitoring 10 the social and environmental effects related to hydraulic facilities? 11 12 A. I believe any advice given within 13 Ontario Hydro is not necessarily associated with 14 hydraulic. Ontario Hydro has undertaken other capital 15 projects. 16 Q. So you are assuming that regardless 17 of supply option, the social effects monitoring would be the same? 18 19 It may not be the same but certainly A. 20 you have a certain gist of the types of things that have to be done and what it takes to -- a lot of your 21 22 costs are getting a person into the field has nothing 23 to do with exactly what they are doing, and certainly 24 you get some sense of proportionate costs out of that. 25 Q. Can I refer to you page 209 of the

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1	Volume 2 binder. This is interrogatory 6.26.219.
2	THE REGISTRAR: 367.81. Mr. Chairman.
3	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
4	<u>EXHIBIT NO. 367.81</u> : Interrogatory No. 6.26.219.
5	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. The first part of the
6	answer says that Hydro has not undertaken studies to
7	examine habitat that has been created or enhanced as
8	the result of hydroelectric development. The answer
9	goes on and also refers to three studies all in
10	relation to the Little Jackfish EA and they are noted
11	as having been previously forwarded to the Coalition.
12	We, for whatever reasons, don't have any
13	of those three studies and I am wondering if I could
14	have an undertaking that they would in fact be
15	provided.
16	THE CHAIRMAN: Those three studies have
17	not been filed; is that right?
18	MR. CASTRILLI: I believe they are not
19	exhibits.
20	MR. SNELSON: They may be attached to
21	interrogatories.
22	MR. McCORMICK: The third one is attached
23	to Interrogatory 6.10.32. We will have to do a little
24	bit of research on the other ones.
25	THE CHAIRMAN: But it does say in the

answer that these reports have been previously 1 2 forwarded to your client. MR. CASTRILLI: We have made a check of 3 our files and for whatever reasons we don't have appear 4 to have them at any of our various offices. 5 6 MR. McCORMICK: Very early in the process the Coalition asked for every reference document in the Mattagami EA and Little Jackfish EA, and it is my 8 9 understanding that the full set of references were 10 provided and that was the basis for that comment. MR. CASTRILLI: I am not disputing 11 12 whether it has been sent or not. I am simply advising 13 you that we, for whatever reasons, do not have them and 14 we would appreciate having them. 15 THE REGISTRAR: Mr. Chairman, do you 16 require a number for 6.10.32? 17 THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. THE REGISTRAR: That will be 367.82. 18 19 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.82: Interrogatory No. 6.10.32. 20 THE CHAIRMAN: So we only need first two 21 then; is that right? 22 MR. CASTRILLI: Yes, that appears to be 23 the case. 24 THE CHAIRMAN: We better put an

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undertaking number on that then.

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1	THE REGISTRAR: 366.8.
2	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
3	UNDERTAKING NO. 366.8: Ontario Hydro undertakes to
4	provide study (1) and study (2) as listed in Interrogatory No. 6.26.219.
5	MR. CASTRILLI: The next reference is to
6	page 210, which is interrogatory 6.26.241A.
7	THE REGISTRAR: 367.83.
8	EXHIBIT NO. 367.83: Interrogatory No. 6.26.241A.
9	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Mr. McCormick, in
10	this one we asked you about the effectiveness of
11	pickerel spawning protective measures with respect to
12	existing hydraulic facilities. I believe the sum and
13	substance of your answer is that the results, or any
14	results were not monitored and since 1988 the limit no
15	longer applies, at least in relation to the Abitibi
16	Canyon.
17	What does Ontario Hydro know about the
18	effectiveness of this mitigation measure?
19	MR. McCORMICK: A. I am not aware that
20	there was any preoperational study, if you will. In
21	other words, what the level of spawning activity was
22	prior to its implementation such that there was no real
23	point of reference to compare with.
24	Q. So the answer is you don't know?
25	A. My answer is I am not aware that any

1 study could be done. The next is page 211 of the binder, 2 0. 3 that's Interrogatory 6.26.350. THE REGISTRAR: 367.84. 4 ---EXHIBIT NO. 367.84: Interrogatory No. 6.26.350. 5 6 MR. CASTRILLI: Q. In this interrogatory 7 we asked you about mitigation measures for the protection of fisheries and insects and food organisms, 8 9 and in particular about the effectiveness of these 10 mitigation measures. I take it the gist of your answer 11 in this interrogatory, Mr. McCormick, is that Hydro has 12 not undertaken studies to examine the effectiveness of 13 these measures although they were, I gather, 14 implemented in conjunction with the Ministry of Natural 15 Resources. 16 Is that a fair summary of the 17 interrogatory? 18 MR. McCORMICK: A. The response 19 indicates that the interrogatories and the tables, the table in the environmental analysis, C6, that we have 20 extensive discussion on today, provides a list of 21 22 examples gained from experience. As I have indicated 23 it is not even a comprehensive summary of the 24 mitigation alternatives that are available. 25 We are aware of a lot of work that's

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1	being done in the United States right now, major
2	studies looking at mitigation measures applied at many
3	hundreds of generating stations that really demonstrat
4	the level of implementation and success of these
5	facilities, an we will be making use of those studies
6	for future environmental assessments.
7	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I think I
8	also meant to make page 212 an exhibit, which was
9	Interrogatory 6.26.360A.
10	THE CHAIRMAN: That will be 85.
11	THE REGISTRAR: That's 85, yes, sir.
12	<u>EXHIBIT NO. 367.85</u> : Interrogatory No. 6.26.360A.
13	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. Mr. McCormick,
14	actually I think I was actually already speaking to
15	this interrogatory before it was made an exhibit.
16	Do I take it that Hydro does not know
17	what the effectiveness of this type of measure is?
18	MR. McCORMICK: A. I think these
19	measures are, as I understand it, and I am not a
20	biologist, but our biologists tell me are based on
21	sound principles, applications that have been used
22	elsewhere, and they are commonly applied at
23	hydroelectric facilities.
24	The extent to which they will be
25	successful will depend on not only that prior

1	information but examination of site-specific conditions
2	that will be done in consultation with government
3	agencies who have their own expertise in these areas,
4	and I think sensible judgments will be reached as a
5	result of the environmental assessment process.
6	Q. I will refer to you page 214 this is
7	on Interrogatory 2.26.19.
8	THE REGISTRAR: 367.86.
9	<u>EXHIBIT NO. 367.86</u> : Interrogatory No. 2.26.19.
10	MR. CASTRILLI: Q. In this interrogatory
11	we asked you to provide us with studies relating to
12	Aboriginal and treaty rights in the development of
13	existing hydraulic facilities, and you are answer was
14	that Ontario Hydro has not undertaken any such studies
15	with respect to existing hydroelectric facilities.
16	Can we take it that treaty and Aboriginal
17	rights were not addressed in relation to existing
18	hydraulic facilities, Ms. Quinn?
19	MS. QUINN: A. Mr. Castrilli, help me a
20	little with your question. Were not addressed
21	site-specific studies in the environmental assessment?
22	Can you help me, what are you thinking?
23	Q. Well, I have haven't limited it to
24	the DSP.
25	I have asked whether Aboriginal and

1	treaty rights have been considered in regard to
2	existing hydroelectric facilities?
3	A. Yes. I think your interrogatory
4	refers specifically to studies. The interrogatory is
5	correct, the response is correct, studies have not been
6	taken but consideration is given to Aboriginal and
7	treaty rights.
8	Q. When, before the project was entered
9	into, after the project was built?
10	A. I think since Aboriginal rights are
11	being defined now, and I am not a lawyer, but I think
12	of them as being somewhat similar to inherent rights,
13	and I may be wrong in that regard. I believe we are
14	all learning what is meant by those.
15	So I would say that this is a
16	consideration that carries on throughout the lifetime
17	of a facility. And as we know, First Nations have been
18	recently become officially recognized by this
19	government, provincial government, as governments, and
20	that's something that influences us and our
21	site-specific work and would have in the plan
22	assessment work as well to do with the basin.
23	Q. Could I refer you, Ms. Quinn, to
24	Volume 82 of the transcript. We are looking at page

Actually, really it's from page 14645, line 25,

25

14645.

1	to 14648, line 3, that's the context for the question.
2	I am only particularly interested in the first three
3	lines of page 14648.
4	As I say, you might want to read the
5	entire answer to get the context. It's an answer you
6	gave to a question during the examination in chief.
7	The statement is that a check was made to see if any
8	defined reserve lands would be impinged on. And to the
9	best of our knowledge the answer is no.
10	First of all, I want to know what you
11	meant by "impinged on"?
12	A. Well, we had a look at the mapped or
13	defined boundaries associated with reserves, and I am
14	distinguishing there between homelands and traditional
15	lands and specific area that's labeled as reserve, and
16	what we really meant was in a physical sense would
17	there be anything like flooding that would go on to
18	reserve land.
19	Q. So the focus was on flooding?
20	A. Well, the focus was on a specific
21	change that might occur to the area that is reserve
22	land in terms of land use being changed, and I think
23	flooding is a good example because it's quite dramatic.

Q. What about traditional areas beyond defined reserve lands, will they be impinged upon?

24

1	A. I don't know. I think that would be
2	something that would be studied at a site-specific
3	stage.
4	Q. And I understand that would be
5	consistent with Exhibit 235, that's your guidelines for
6	Aboriginal relations. You might want to refer to that.
7	A. Yes, I don't have that handy,
8	unfortunately. Are you going to speak to it
9	specifically?
10	Q. Well, perhaps you might want to have
11	it in hand. It was one of the documents I think it
12	was identified as a Hydro exhibit to be relied upon in
13	this panel, so you probably have it nearby somewhere.
14	A. I have them.
15	Q. Okay. And I think we are looking at,
16	if we are to number this first page, it would be bullet
17	4. It says:
18	When assessing and managing the social
19	and environmental effects of projects,
20	Ontario Hydro will consider effects not
21	only on Aboriginal communities themselves
22	but also on the extensive areas they rely
23	on for resource harvesting, cultural and
24	spiritual activities.

[3:43 p.m.]

1	Now at page 14648, you say you engaged in
2	an examination to determine if reserve lands would be
3	impinged upon, and you concluded they wouldn't. But
4	you say you're not going to consider the issue of
5	traditional land use areas, except at the site specific
6	stage, is that right?
7	A. I don't believe I said that, Mr.
8	Castrilli. The second part of what you've just
9	mentioned is not correct.
10	Q. Well, have you already then examined
11	whether traditional land areas will be impinged upon?
12	A. Within the plan, within the
13	attainable potential? Is that what you are asking?
14	Q. Well, let's keep it within the
15	confines of the answer you were giving in Volume 82.
16	A. In Volume 82 I was speaking to
17	exclusion criteria specifically to do with attainable
18	potential Aboriginal.
19	Q. Fine, let's deal with it in relation
20	to obtainable potential.
21	A. It didn't qualify. We don't know
22	what the effects are going to be, because obtainable
23	potential is not site specific, so we really don't know
24	the extent or the nature of change that might occur in
25	the home lands or the traditional lands, and we don't

1	always know where those lands are.
2	We don't know what the patterns are, we
3	don't know where the boundaries exactly begin and end.
4	We would hope to learn that through site specific work.
5	I think through the corporate Aboriginal relations
6	guidelines, you can feel assured we will have a
7	sensitivity for it, but we could not speak to it as an
8	exclusion criteria for the purposes of defining
9	obtainable potential.
10	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, save and
11	except one matter, I think I'm done.
12	I believe before the lunch break you had
13	asked about Exhibit 374, and
14	THE CHAIRMAN: The foundation for that
15	table 3.2.
16	MR. CASTRILLI: All right. Firstly, if
17	you have the entire document before you, the document
18	is authored by R.J. Walters, group manager of design
19	and development, or at least that's what he was at the
20	time of this document.
21	My understanding, and perhaps any one
22	member of the panel can confirm that Mr. Walters is now
23	vice-president for thermal operations.
24	And then if you look at the table of
25	contents, which I guess we've actually numbered or were

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numbered as Roman Numerals, so that we would be looking 1 2 at Roman Numeral 5, you would see that on page Roman Numeral 5, appendix C is the heading "Typical 3 4 Environmental Concerns and Mitigation Hydraulic 5 Generation," and as part of appendix C is the table C-2 6 that I have been referring to before the break. THE CHAIRMAN: But I wondered if 3.2 was 7 8 referred to in the main text. That was my question, 9 because a typical... 10 MR. CASTRILLI: Oh. 11 THE CHAIRMAN: It's usual in a work such 12 as this, maybe it isn't in this one, I don't know, but 13 it's usual in the course of the main work, that they 14 refer to the appendix and then identify the appendix 15 and its source, and they then identify the tables that 16 they are using, so that there is some relationship, 17 foundation for the table. 18 MR. CASTRILLI: Yes, I think -- yes, 19 there are a couple of places to look in that regard, 20 Mr. Chairman. 21 Firstly, I think you would want to look 22 to page 91, where appendix C is first identified. That's under that heading "Typical Environmental 23 Concerns and Mitigation." 24

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You'll have to bear with me for a moment,

because the pagination doesn't remain consecutive.

The actual appendix C begins at page 130

or also known as page A-18. And then on page 131 there

is text referring to, I guess it's introduction to the

tables, and down at the bottom of page 131 is a

reference to table C-2. So it appears to all be part

of the same document.

THE CHAIRMAN: So C-2 then does relate to flooding of a very large area to create a reservoir.

MR. CASTRILLI: Yes, it's in relation to flooding.

THE CHAIRMAN: And I guess that's one aspect that wasn't clear to me, because all it says, when you look at C-2, is potential effects of Hydro development on other uses, and it really seems to be the flooding of a very large area to create a reservoir that is the foundation of that table.

MR. CASTRILLI: Yes. There doesn't appear on the face of the document to be a definition of what is meant by a very large area, but I think that's the context of table C-2.

THE CHAIRMAN: All right, thank you.

Can I ask any of the witnesses to just confirm that Mr. Walters is now in fact vice-president for thermal operations at Ontario Hydro?

1	MR. WIGLE: That is correct.
2	MR. CASTRILLI: Mr. Chairman, I think
3	subject to the undertakings, those are my questions.
4	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, Mr. Castrilli.
5	Who is next? We are going to take a
6	break, but
7	MR. NUNN: I think Mr. Thompson is ready.
8	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Thompson, are you
9	ready to go after the break?
10	MR. THOMPSON: Ready as I ever will be,
11	Mr. Chairman.
12	THE CHAIRMAN: Dr. Connell has some
13	questions to ask arising out of your cross-examination,
14	either take the break
15	MR. CASTRILLI: I'll come back after the
16	break.
17	THE CHAIRMAN: All right.
18	THE REGISTRAR: This hearing will recess
19	for 15 minutes.
20	Recess at 3:50 p.m.
21	On resuming at 4:09 p.m.
22	THE REGISTRAR: Please come to order.
23	The hearing is in session. Please be seated.
24	THE CHAIRMAN: Dr. Connell has a question
25	or questions.

DR. CONNELL: Two.

2	like to refer to Volume 86, which was
3	yesterday, and the page reference is 15276. This
4	concerns the matter of employment. And Mr. Flook
5	testified with respect to hydraulic construction
6	projects, that these would be in the hands of a general
7	contractor.

I wonder then if someone on the panel could explain to me how we are to read the sections of the DSP and the environmental assessment which deal with the matters of local hiring and training and apprenticeship that we've been discussing in the text. In fact, let me cite one reference.

Exhibit 4, page 6-11, the summary. Right at the bottom of the page, this is in the context of northern hydraulic developments, reading from the second last sentence on that page:

Facilitating local hiring may require joint initiatives involving Hydro, the trade unions and governments. These could include training and apprenticeship programs and special arrangements for union qualification and hiring.

I had originally assumed, and I think the earlier part of the examination seemed to assume that

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these matters were all Hydro's responsibility, but
there is no reference in the text that I've just quoted
to involving the general contractor.

Is it in fact the general contractor that would be doing the hiring and training and apprenticeship? And if so, is it possible for Hydro to influence the behaviour of the general contractor?

MR. FLOOK: Whether the construction job is undertaken by Ontario Hydro directly as a general contract or or a separate general contractor, the staff to actually do the work are hired in the same manner; through the electrical, the Allied Council of Trade Unions, and they are all hired on.

So the same person would come onto the site no matter who was constructing the site, whether it is Ontario Hydro or a general contractor. So therefore construction trade unions are carrying out the physical work.

In achieving some of these desired results, Ontario Hydro has a number of options, whether they are doing it themselves or the general contractor, in that as terms and conditions of the general contract requiring certain hiring practices. The other is apprenticeship programs are run by the individual trade unions, but the general contractor, in either case the

1	general contractor or Ontario Hydro as the general
2	contractor, can stipulate the number of apprentices on
3	the site, and that can be restrictive. Therefore
4	Ontario Hydro, in its general contracts, can set
5	numbers to achieve the required or desired results of
6	additional apprentices from the area.
7	For an example, even within hiring a
8	consulting engineering firm, our intent to hire a
9	consulting engineering firm to do some northern work,
.0	one of the evaluation criteria was what they proposed
.1	to do to involve Aboriginal people in engineering
.2	technical work, and that was an evaluation factor.
.3	Same thing for general contracts. You can put in
.4	factors that say that is part of the criteria for
.5	evaluating the acceptability of your contract.
.6	DR. CONNELL: Thank you. I think that
.7	helps me to understand it. But I take from your
.8	response that one should probably read into the
.9	language that I've just cited some reference to
20	contractors where applicable, because they would
?1	certainly be parties to this understanding.
22	MR. FLOOK: They would be parties, but it
23	would be Ontario Hydro who makes the commitment to do

certain things, and they would, in turn, if there was a

cost component to doing this, would then see that in

24

1	the	contractor's	bid	reflected	back	to	what	Ontario

Hydro would have to pay for it.

3
DR. CONNELL: Yes, thank you, Mr. Flook.

My other question concerns the Manitoba evidence, or perhaps I should say the Manitoba documents, which Mr. Castrilli brought to our attention, and particularly South Indian Lake.

I don't think the panel really had an opportunity to say whether they thought that the types of physical and biological and social impact observed at South Indian Lake were likely to be encountered in Ontario Hydro projects. Perhaps you could speak by reference to the impact studies which you've already completed or have partly completed.

Do you see much relevance of the South
Indian Lake experience to Ontario?

MS. QUINN: I've had some trouble finding out how much land was flooded as a result of South Indian Lake, and I had understood that it was extensive flooding. But I'm not entirely sure of the hectares or the acreage or the square miles involved.

I think in two ways we've tried to deal with this notion of flooding. One is explicitly through the northern rivers exclusion criteria, and the other is through the exclusion criteria that has to do

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with the desire to reach an agreement for co-planning
in the Moose River Basin before proceeding.

We understand that if sites are developed within the Moose River Basin, there may be some flooding, but much of that depends on what is discussed and agreed to in that co-planning agreement. And as you know, there are no megawatts associated with anything in the Basin at this point in time.

So I didn't see extensive relevance to the South Indian Lake situation, given that the nature or, excuse me, the extent of the flooding is likely to be quite different.

But I do think that the document is helpful in a sense that it does flag some issues that one wants to track, to pay attention to, and certainly if the opportunity is provided to enter into studies jointly, you'd want to make sure there is some opportunity that these topics are discussed. And if the local people want the topics included, I think it would be helpful from a professional point of view to have them addressed, but you'd also think that the local Aboriginal communities would as well.

So some of those topics that I think are useful have to do with the way in which the land uses could change and the local economy associated with

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those land uses, whether or not it's the direct of

those land uses, whether or not it's the direct or the indirect economy, their employment associated with the uses of land, the extent to which the subsistence uses are affected; hunting, fishing, trapping, berry picking.

I think it is important that there be some understanding of monitoring and some commitment to do with impact management that is established in understanding what might be -- in the co-planning activities or the outline or terms of reference associated with co-planning activities.

So I find it helpful, but I can't make a direct application in terms of the extent and the nature of the impacts.

MR. McCORMICK: I'm a little more rusty right now on the South Indian Lake experience. We certainly looked at it a few years ago, and it has provided a lot of valuable information in the area of mercury cycling, and Mr. Harris will talk to that.

In general terms, projects like that one do assist you with identification of issues on a project specific level, and as I tried to indicate, when you have a project and you know the various characteristics of that project, then you can attempt relate it to other projects. For example the type of

facility, whether water level fluctuations were an issue or whether protection of a given fish species was an issue, whether mercury was an issue, and if so why.

You can start understanding and have some basis of comparison on a project specific level.

So as far as planning exercises go, it doesn't provide very much useful information in that sense beyond the broad types of effects that we've discussed in documentation and I presented in my direct evidence.

I think mercury is the big area where it has been helpful, and Mr. Harris can talk to you about that.

MR. HARRIS: I would say for the issue of mercury, that the Southern Indian Lake experience was a very valuable one, and it was one of the first projects which identified the issue of mercury in reservoirs, and it also had some data, both before and after flooding, which is missing in many other projects. And there was also a fairly extensive body of work carried out looking at some of the processes involved and there was a fair amount of research carried out for the Southern Indian Lake experience regarding mercury.

In terms of its applicability to the Ontario situation, I think it serves to highlight some

of the issues which hadn't been identified previously in a general sense, just the mercury issue in fish, and the fact that concentrations in fish can go up as a result of hydroelectric projects and the fact that there for example were fish mercury measurements in different species identified different trends in different species at different levels in the food chain. 

So these kinds of issues and trends were very valuable to see coming out of Manitoba.

[4:25 p.m.]

I think it is important in that context that both the issues were identified and the trends, some of the trends with time or with certain physical features were identified. But I would say also I think that there are a number of site-specific features that need to be accounted for in each case, and that I wouldn't apply the Southern Indian Lake experience for mercury universally to all reservoirs. I think you have to try and understand what happened in Southern Indian Lake and then apply those results to your own projects. So, perhaps that is of some assistance to you.

DR. CONNELL: Let me ask you, if you were looking at a project in Ontario for which you could

1	predict outcomes which were essentially the same as
2	those at South Indian Lake and if you came to the
3	conclusion they could not be mitigated, would you
4	recommend against proceeding, or would you expect the
5	project to fail at a site-specific hearing?
6	MR. HARRIS: If the fish mercury
7	concentrations that were observed at South Indian Lake
8	were also predicted to occur in Ontario despite the
9	mitigative measures that you might think you could
.0	pursue in terms of minimizing the increase in mercury
.1	in fish, I think you would still need to pursue the
.2	potential for mitigation in terms of human uptake, who
.3	eat the fish in your particular location in Ontario,
.4	what are the options for alternatives in terms of
.5	different species, different locations, what is the
.6	extent of flooding I am sorry, that wouldn't relate
.7	to the uptake of fish from people. But I think that
.8	you would have to explore that side of it as well.
.9	DR. CONNELL: I am not really referring
20	just to the mercury; I am referring to the whole
21	overview including the human dislocations.
22	MR. McCORMICK: I think it is fair to say
23	that if we found projects with significant effects that
24	we could not adequately mitigate to the agreement of

ourselves, government agencies, and the affected

1 people, we would not proceed with the undertaking. 2 DR. CONNELL: Thank you. 3 MR. FLOOK: If I may just add on an overall project point of view. In Manitoba, of course, 4 the information on South Indian Lake and the Grand 5 Rapids site that is the subject of many of the papers 6 7 here are only a few of the hydroelectric projects carried out in northern Manitoba, and certainly you 8 would have to look at the experience of those other 9 10 sites that are perhaps closer to what is being 11 proposed, some of the ones directly on the Nelson 12 River, closer to being what is actually perhaps 13 proposed in the Moose River Basin, and the experience from those sites may contribute to the knowledge of the 14 understanding of the activities and the results of the 15 activities. 16 17 DR. CONNELL: Thank you.

20 MR. CASTRILLI: No, Mr. Chairman.

questions, Mr. Castrilli?

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THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.

THE CHAIRMAN: Do you have any further

Now, Ms. Kleer, I learned from Ms.

Morrison at the break that you are proposing to ask further questions; is that right, for NAN Treaty 3?

MS. KLEER: We may have a few in relation

	Harris
1	to redevelopment but certainly nothing that I would
2	have covered here.
3	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I think you ought to
4	do that in conjunction with this examination. I don't
5	think the same counsel ought to be appearing at
6	different times on cross-examination. I don't think
7	that should happen.
8	I would assume that the interests of NAN
9	Treaty 3 and the Moose River James Bay Coalition are
10	congruent otherwise they would have separate
11	representation.
12	MS. KLEER: Well, I agree with that, Mr.
13	Chairman, that there is certain congruencies, but the
14	issues that I wanted to deal with are specifically in
15	relation to a matter that I haven't dealt with here,
16	and to be honest, I haven't prepared that portion yet.
17	I know about where I am going to go but it's certainly
18	nothing I have got prepared at this point yet. And I
19	can assure you that I don't intend to go back at all to
20	anything I have dealt with here. It's a specific
21	matter that I am concerned with.
22	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, it's in the context
23	of the generic hydraulic plan, I assume.
24	MS. KLEER: It's in relation to what is a
25	redevelopment and extension and how you characterize

- 1 that. And it is clearly we are concerned about Ragged 2 Chute and we want to see why it is that ragged Chute has been characterized as redevelopment and extension. 3 That is extent of my questions. 4 5 But as I say, I haven't prepared those questions yet and I don't feel that I could do that at 6 this point. THE CHAIRMAN: Well, would you be able to 8 9 do it first thing tomorrow morning? 10 MS. KLEER: To be honest, no, Mr. 11 Chairman. I do have some other things that I have to 12 do. If I could have the next few days, it's only going 13 to be half an hour to an hour of cross at the most. 14 am happy to come back next week Monday to do it. THE CHAIRMAN: Could you just tell me 15 16 what it is, what the subject matter in a general way is 17 that you are proposing to cover? MS. KLEER: Redevelopment and extensions 18 and how Ragged Chute has been characterized as a 19 20 redevelopment and extension. 21 THE CHAIRMAN: How does that, in your 22 submission, fit into the assessment of the hydraulic 23 plan? They have made a lot of 24 MS. KLEER:
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statements in relation to differences between

1	redevelopments and extensions and new developments in
2	terms of impact. And if something is characterized as
3	a redevelopment and extension, then the submissions
4	or rather, the evidence that they have given in
5	relation to environmental impact of redevelopments and
6	extensions shouldn't apply to a site that may in fact
7	not be characterized, although they have called it
8	redevelopment and extension, doesn't in fact constitute
9	a redevelopment and extension as we understand those
10	terms to mean.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: But Ragged Chute, it's not
12	even included in the range, is it, of the plan?
13	MS. KLEER: Yes, it is.
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Is it? I have forgotten.
15	Is it?
16	DR. CONNELL: It's not excluded.
17	THE CHAIRMAN: It's not excluded, all
18	right.
19	But as I recall, my memory is that you
20	spent a considerable length of time on behalf of Moose
21	River James Bay talking about this very issue that you
22	have just described. If it's all going to be just
23	which pocket does Ragged Chute fall into, I am not sure
24	that's something we ought to be concerned with.
25	MS. KLEER: Well, Mr. Chairman, with

respect, I certainly didn't deal with whether Ragged

Chute is a redevelopment and extension or not. That's

an issue that I haven't touched on.

THE CHAIRMAN: That's not something we should even be caring about.

MS. KLEER: I submit that I think you might want to care about it because if one of the reasons for preferring new — or redevelopments and extensions to new developments relates to environmental impacts, which is I believe the evidence that was given by the Hydro witnesses, then if you characterized or mischaracterized a site as a redevelopment and extension as compared to a new development then you are going to have different impacts.

THE CHAIRMAN: We are going around in circles. The preference for redevelopment or regulated river, or whatever you want to call it, over a new site was explored thoroughly in your examination. Now, I don't know what more you can add to that than you already did.

I am not going to put you on the spot now, but I am not going to let go of this issue, so you are going to have to justify to me before you commence your cross-examination that you really have something that is different.

1	And from now on you should do all your
2	cross-examinations in one package. They shouldn't be
3	separated the way it's been done here.
4	MS. KLEER: That is fine. We will take
5	that for Panel 7.
6	THE CHAIRMAN: I won't put you under the
7	gun right now, but before you do your examination we
8	are going to have to revisit this particular subject.
9	MS. KLEER: That is fine, Mr. Chairman.
10	THE CHAIRMAN: Now then, Mr. Thompson.
11	MS. HARVIE: I'm sorry, over the break
12	Ms. Quinn has provided me with a copy of 6.26.66C that
13	was referred to in her cross-examination this
14	afternoon, and I believe it is Exhibit 367.73, and I
15	have got copies here. Thank you.
16	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. THOMPSON:
17	Q. Good afternoon, panel. I am Stephen
18	Thompson and I represent the Ontario Federation of
19	Agriculture.
20	My questions, I hope to be very brief and
21	deal pretty well exclusively only with one area, the
22	area of pumped storage.
23	I have asked you to look at Exhibit 57
24	and refer specifically to table S1, which is the fourth
25	page in.

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1 MR. SNELSON: A. I know what Exhibit 57 is but I don't have a copy. 2 3 It's the Demand/Supply option study. 4 Α. Yes. 5 Q. From February 1986. 6 MS. PATTERSON: Figure S1? 7 MR. THOMPSON: Yes, that's correct. 8 Q. We may run a little short on copies. 9 I have the hearing room copy here with me and if you need to have it, I can give it to you. 10 11 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Thompson, is it table 12 Sl or figure Sl? 13 MR. THOMPSON: It says table Sl and it is 14 the fourth page in from the front. It's titled 15 "Options to be Retained for Further Study." Just before we get the copy here, 16 17 perhaps I could just outline what I am looking at. This table outlines the standard costs of various 18 19 options in 1984 dollars per megawatt.H, which I assume 20 is megawatthours. Nuclear ranges from 32 to 50; coal 21 ranges from 43 to 58; demand/side options range from 24 22 to 48, approximately, and the energy storage 23 technologies, aboveground and underground pump storage, 24 range from 48 to 59. 25 In particular, again at the risk - and I

1	hope I am not straying too far into site-specific but
2	rather use it to illustrate the whole range of things -
3	the Jordan-Erie pumped storage, which was mentioned
4	earlier, could go down to approximately 48, to place
5	it, in Hydro's words, which would be sufficient to
6	place it among the most economically preferred options.
7	My question from that is, would it
8	appear - and it may have already been answered and I
9	have difficulty finding it in the transcript - but cost
10	alone would not appear to be sufficient reason to not
11	pursue this option further. I understand the answer
12	had something to do with it's empty megawatts or load
13	shifting and so on; is that correct?
14	MR. SNELSON: A. That is correct.
15	Q. Now, Exhibit 57 again on page C3,
16	which is a part of the appendix to it, indicated
17	that in particular, again I am assuming that this
18	particular project would be a general proxy for this
19	type of project. The last time this was studied would
20	have been in 1975, is this approximately correct?
21	A. The last time what would have been
22	studied?
23	Q. It said the Jordan-Erie scheme
24	between Lake Ontario and Lake Erie. This is the only

date that's on any of the three main pumped storage

1 things, so I am assuming that the last time that this 2 pumped storage option was visited seriously would have been in 1975; is that correct, or has it been looked at 3 more recently? 4 5 A. I believe that studies of underground 6 pumped storage are more recent. 7 Q. But the aboveground pumped storage, 1975 would be the date that would be applicable; is 8 9 that correct? 10 I don't know of studies that are more 11 recent than that. 12 All right. I guess my next question 13 will be relatively academic but I will ask it anyway. 14 Have any studies been done since then to evaluate the 15 acceptance or opposition by farmers or farm groups as a 16 means of determining whether this and similar pumped 17 storage proposals in general might be more acceptable 18 now in the Demand/Supply Plan? 19 I refer to the comment being that this particular area, and I assume other areas, that may be, 20 21 it says, fairly-intensively farmed. 22 I guess the basis for my question or the

I guess the basis for my question or the proposition being that since 1975 farmers' opposition may have changed somewhat because they might view this storage reservoir as a means of providing irrigation,

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- and so on. But I would take it that no studies of any 1 sort have been done since 1975, including any studies 2 3 which might evaluate except increasing -- or increasing acceptance of or increasing opposition to this type of 4 project? 5 6 Α. Is this general to aboveground pumped 7 storage or specific to Jordan-Erie? That's correct, aboveground storage 8 9 in general. 10 A. I don't know of any studies that have 11 been done on acceptance of such facilities by farmers 12 in recent years. 13 0. Okay. Now, I note in various sources 14 that the power dam reservoirs, part of the uses of these reservoirs include source of water supplies for 15 16 municipalities. I believe that was given in evidence 17 in chief by someone under the category of Other Uses, 18 part of the reason for having these reservoirs was to 19 provide a constant water supply, and so on. Is that 20 generally correct? 21 MR. WIGLE: A. That is correct, yes. 22 Q. Was this potential usage for 23 municipalities adjacent to pumped storage reservoirs 24 ever considered as a means of reducing the cost of
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reservoirs?

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Again, at the risk of being site 1 2 specific, just as a hypothetical, the Delphi point 3 thing adjacent to the Town of Collingwood might provide 4 a source of water for the Town of Collingwood if water could be sold where the marginal revenue would be 5 greater than the marginal cost. Has that sort of 6 7 multiple use ever been considered for pumped storage alternatives within Ontario Hydro? 8 9 MR. SNELSON: A. Not to my knowledge. 10 The Delphi point scheme, I believe, would also require 11 transmission through very sensitive areas of the province which you are quite familiar with. 12 13 Q. Yes, I am quite familiar with that. Could the sale of this water to 14 15 municipalities and/or in an area, to go into an area 16 that I am more interested in, for the potential of 17 irrigation sources adjacent to farm owners, help to 18 lower the cost of the project to an economically 19 acceptable level?

> The short answer is possibly, but you A. can't be sure of that. The reason for that is that the usefulness of pumped storage depends on whether in fact any further load levelling is required. Since the demand management load shifting program is aimed to provide the bulk of the load levelling that is useful

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to the system, then pumped storage in addition to that

is not really useful, and so lowering the cost a little

isn't likely to alter that situation.

Now, if the load shifting program doesn't provide the full load levelling that it would be useful, then something that would reduce the cost of pumped storage would help that as an option in filling that gap.

Q. What I am looking at is the use of some sort of revenue generating or multiple use to try to put the fixed costs or the total system costs down to the point where maybe not so much reliance is placed on the load shifting or other options. Is there any room for manoeuvring in that or is it fairly well fixed? Is the cost range in the \$50 range regardless of other uses going to stay about the same in relation to other sources?

[4:43 p.m.]

A. I don't know where the potential revenue from providing municipal water supplies could have sufficient impact to have a significant effect on lowering the cost. And costs you're referring to are standard costs, which are not a measure that we're currently using, and the actual pump storage facility is only a small part of that cost.

1	Q. Is anyone on the panel ramiliar with
2	the design of or the operation of the Luddington pump
3	storage facility in the state of Michigan?
4	My reason for asking
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Snelson was all set to
6	answer that question.
7	MR. THOMPSON: I'm sorry. I thought I
8	saw a whole bunch of no's here. I'm sorry if I missed
9	you here.
.0	MR. SNELSON: I was merely going to say
.1	that I know roughly where Luddington is located in
.2	Michigan, and it's quite a large pump storage facility,
.3	but the specifics I don't know.
. 4	MR. THOMPSON: Q. Would you accept for
.5	the purposes of my upcoming question that it is
.6	approximately 2100 megawatts in capacity, and that it
.7	provides approximately 11 per cent of the state of
.8	Michigan's capacity, and that it is located on the east
.9	shore of Lake Michigan approximately half way up Lake
20	Michigan or directly west of the Bruce Nuclear power
21	Development?
22	MR. SNELSON: A. Yes. I would have
23	guessed about 2000 megawatts, but
24	Q. Which leads up to my broad yet
25	hopefully fairly simple question.

What's different in Michigan that would
allow for the continued operation of a facility
representing that much of a percentage of the total
capacity, whereas in Ontario our capacity would be
proposed to be effectively zero per cent? Is there
what's different about the load or the load shape or
curve or just why so much there and so little here I
guess is what I'm asking?
A. Two factors come to mind. One is
that the Michigan system, to my knowledge, is a summer
peaking system that experiences very short duration
peak loads. Much peakier than our system at around the
time of peak load.
And secondly, that the Michigan system, I
believe, and I'm not quite so sure of this, but I
believe has a much smaller proportion of hydraulic
generation on the system. And generally speaking
systems that are largely thermal generation find more
use for pump storage than systems that have a
substantial proportion of hydraulic generation.
Q. Do you happen to know if the
Luddington water is available to either the town of
Luddington or neighboring farmers?

Q. Would the location of pump storage

I do not know.

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sites in Southern Ontario, as mentioned in Exhibit 57,
given the now known transmission constraints identified
in Panel 5 and elsewhere, could they outweigh the
inefficiencies and reduce the dependence on load
shifting and other options?

changed.

I'm thinking of a couple of the specific things, and I'll just say we're not going to refer to them specifically, but just pump storage sites in Southern Ontario in general. This document was prepared prior to identifying the transmission constraints brought on by the independent or the NUGS. Have things changed so that more weighting could be given to pump storage now?

A. I don't think they have significantly

Q. What weighting if any, is given to assisting system stability by locating closer to load?

I'm thinking possibly of our transient stability problems, or just by having these systems close to the load as a means of increasing security of the system.

Has any weighting been given to that?

A. I believe that generally speaking our system does not suffer from very large transient stability problems by having generation that is remote from those.

1 Now for instance, Quebec, with hydraulic 2 generation providing most of its generation being many hundreds of miles from the main load centres in 3 4 Montreal, Quebec City corridor does have significant 5 transient stability problems because of remote 6 generation. 7 That's not to say we don't have transient 8 stability problems, and Mr. Macedo, on Panel 7, I'm 9 sure will be able to discuss that issue in a more 10 knowledgeable way than I can. 11 I understand I'm part of the cause of 0. 12 the transient stability problems from previous 13 hearings. 14 Last question: Could the identified 15 transmission constraints and the potential for 16 municipal or farm sale of reservoir water to 17 municipalities cause pump storage to be re-evaluated by 18 Hvdro? 19 I'm not looking at it possibly as early 20 as our long awaited reintegration study, but it would 21 just appear to me that there may be the remote 22 possibility that in a couple years time we might say, 23 "Eureka." We're in a long draught, farmers are falling 24 all over themselves to buy water from us, we've

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re-evaluated now that pump storage has the same cost as

1 demand management, for example. Are we anywhere near 2 to that? Or is that just a hypothetical with very 3 likelihood of ever happening? I don't know. As I've said, I don't 4 know that the potential for sale of water, I just don't 5 6 have a feel at all for whether that could significantly 7 affect the economics of the scheme. 8 MR. THOMPSON: Those are my questions Mr. 9 Chairman. 10 Thank you very much, panel. 11 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. 12 Thompson. 13 We start with a new one tomorrow. Who is on tomorrow? 14 15 MS. MORRISON: Mr. Kelsey. 16 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Kelsey for Northwatch? 17 MS. MORRISON: And Mr. Allison from OMAA, 18 if he gets here from Sault Ste. Marie. THE CHAIRMAN: And Mr. Allison from OMAA, 19 if he gets here from Sault Ste. Marie, which is snowed 20 21 in. 22 And who after that? Is that the day? 23 MS. MORRISON: I have got a couple of 24 other people that are supposed to be ready. I'm 25 checking with them tonight.

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1	THE CHAIRMAN: And Ms. Kleer, we will
2	tentatively schedule you for Monday morning? Is that
3	satisfactory?

4 MS. KLEER: That's fine.

5 THE CHAIRMAN: Does that fit in with you

5 THE CHAIRMAN: Does that fit in with your 6 plans?

7 MS. MORRISON: Yes.

8 THE CHAIRMAN: We will adjourn until

9 tomorrow morning at 10:00.

THE REGISTRAR: This hearing will adjourn

11 until 10:00 tomorrow morning.

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---Whereupon the hearing was adjourned at 4:51 p.m. to be reconvened on Wednesday, December 4, 1991, at

15 10:00 a.m.

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## ERRATA and CHANGES

To: Volume 86

Date: Monday, December 2nd, 1991.

Interrogatory No. 6.26.265. should have been numbered as 367.55. in the List of Exhibits.

